

SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

DATE:	1 April 2023				
TO:	Honorable Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors				
FROM:	Rich Hillis, Di	irector of Planning			
RE:	HOUSING B 2013 Q1-202	ALANCE REPORT No. 16 2 Q4			
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ΜΕΜΟ

SUMMARY

This report is submitted in compliance with Ordinance No. 53-15 requiring the Planning Department to monitor and report on the housing balance between new market rate and new affordable housing production. One of the stated purposes of the Housing Balance is "to ensure that data on meeting affordable housing targets citywide and within neighborhoods informs the approval process for new housing development." This report is the sixteenth in the series and covers the ten-year period from 1 January 2013 through 31 December 2022. The report is published twice annually in April and October.

The ordinance defines the "Housing Balance" as the proportion of all new affordable housing units to the total number of all new housing units for a 10-year "Housing Balance Period," accounting for any loss of units removed from "protected status."¹ In addition, the reporting must include a calculation of "Projected Housing Balance" which is focused exclusively on forward-looking housing production and includes residential projects that have received approvals from the Planning Commission or Planning Department, including projects under construction, permitted for construction, and those entitled but that have not yet received permits to commence construction.

In the 2012 Q32013 Q1–2022 Q4 Housing Balance Period, the Cumulative Housing Balance is 19.2%, which is fractionally lower than the previous period (19.6% for 2012 Q3–2022 Q2). The Expanded Citywide Cumulative Housing Balance is 27.0%, which is fractionally lower than the previous period (27.2% for 2012 Q3–2022 Q2), although this varies by Supervisor district. Distribution of the Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance over the 11 Board of Supervisor Districts ranges from -21.9% (District 4) to 58.8% (District 5). Negative housing balances result from the large number of units permanently withdrawn from affordability

¹ Units under "protected status" include units that are subject to rent control under the City's Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance.

protection relative to the number of total net new units and net affordable units built in those districts.

The Projected Housing Balance Citywide is 21.7%, lower than the 23.3% projection in the previous report. The ordinance specifically excludes master planned multi-phase development projects from the projected housing balance calculations until site permits are obtained. Accordingly, India Basin project is excluded from this projection.

The Projected Housing Balance methodology as defined by the ordinance is not necessarily an accurate predictor of current or future affordable housing production, as it does not account for the expected (but not yet entitled or permitted) affordable housing projects with funding either in hand or expected by the City. Examples of these projects include those funded through inclusionary fees paid by housing projects otherwise included in the Balance calculation, jobshousing linkage fees paid by commercial development, voter-approved bonds, and other sources of funding. For the past ten years, deed-restricted affordable housing production has accounted for 26% of overall production.

BACKGROUND

On 21 April 2015, the Board of Supervisors passed Ordinance No. 53-15 amending the *Planning Code* to include a new *Section 103* requiring the Planning Department to monitor and report on the Housing Balance between new market rate housing and new affordable housing production. The *Housing Balance Report* is submitted bi-annually by April 1 and October 1 of each year and published on the Planning Department's website. *Planning Code Section 103* also requires an annual hearing at the Board of Supervisors on strategies for achieving and maintaining the required housing balance in accordance with the City's housing production goals. (See *Appendix A* for complete text of Ordinance No. 53-15.) This hearing typically accompanies the April report.

The stated purposes for the Housing Balance Monitoring and Reporting are: a) to maintain a balance between new affordable and market rate housing Citywide and within neighborhoods; b) to make housing available for all income levels and housing need types; c) to preserve the mixedincome character of the City and its neighborhoods; d) to offset the withdrawal of existing housing units from rent stabilization and the loss of single-room occupancy hotel units; e) to ensure the availability of land and encourage the deployment of resources to provide sufficient housing affordable to households of very low, low, and moderate incomes; f) to ensure adequate housing for families, seniors and the disabled communities; g) to ensure that data on meeting affordable housing targets Citywide and within neighborhoods informs the approval process for new housing development; and h) to enable public participation in determining the appropriate mix of new housing approvals.

Housing production targets adopted by the State and the Association of Bay Area Governments, and reflected in the City's *Housing Element*, last adopted in April 2015, calls for a minimum of 28,870 new units to be built in San Francisco between 2015 and 2022, including a minimum of

16,333 affordable units (57%² of the total). As mandated by law, the City provides the State Department of Housing and Community Development an annual progress report.³ In addition, in November 2014, San Francisco's voters endorsed Proposition K, which set as city policy a goal to help construct or rehabilitate at least 30,000 homes by 2020, at least 33% of which will be affordable to low- and moderate-income households. ⁴ While the *Housing Balance Report* is intended to supplement analysis towards adopted City housing goals, the report and its calculations do not specifically track performance toward meeting goals set by the City's *Housing Element/RHNA* and Proposition K and are not comparable because the metrics and methodologies differ.

This *Housing Balance Report* was prepared from data gathered from other published sources including the Planning Department's annual *Housing Inventory* and quarterly *Pipeline Report* data, Department of Building Inspection data, San Francisco Rent Board data, and affordable housing data from the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development.

CUMULATIVE HOUSING BALANCE CALCULATION

Planning Code Section 103 calls for the Housing Balance "be expressed as a percentage, obtained by dividing the cumulative total of extremely low, very low, low, and moderate income affordable housing (all units 0-120% AMI) minus the lost protected units, by the total number of net new housing units within the Housing Balance Period." The ordinance requires that the "Cumulative Housing Balance" be provided using two calculations: a) one consisting of net housing built within a 10 year Housing Balance period, less units withdrawn from protected status, plus net units in projects that have received both approvals from the Planning Commission or Planning Department and site permits from the Department of Building Inspection, and b) the same calculation, with the addition of net units gained through acquisition and rehabilitation of affordable units, HOPE SF, Small Sites, and RAD Program units⁵. "Protected units" include units that are subject to rent control under the City's Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance. Additional elements that figure into the Housing Balance include completed HOPE SF and RAD public housing replacement, substantially rehabilitated units, and single-room occupancy hotel units (SROs). The equation below shows the second, expanded calculation of the Cumulative Housing Balance.

² The Ordinance inaccurately stated that "22% of new housing demands to be affordable to households of moderate means." San Francisco's Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) allocation for moderate income households is 19% of total production goals.

³ Printed annual progress reports submitted by all California jurisdictions can be accessed here – <u>http://www.hcd.ca.gov/community-development/housing-element/annual-progress-reports/index.php</u> .-- or by calling HCD at 916-263-2911 for the latest reports as many jurisdictions now file reports online.

⁴ For tracking of the Prop K affordable housing goal, see <u>https://sfmohcd.org</u>.

⁵ HOPESF and Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) Program units are deed-restricted affordable units that have been acquired and rehabilitated.

[Net New Affordable Housing	
+ Completed Acquisitions & Rehabs	
+ Completed HOPE SF	
+ RAD Public Housing Replacement	EXPANDED
+ Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units]	CUMULATIVE – HOUSING
 – [Units Removed from Protected Status] 	BALANCE

[Net New Housing Built + Net Entitled & Permitted Units]

The first "Housing Balance Period" is a ten-year period starting with the first quarter of 2005 through the last quarter of 2014. Subsequent housing balance reports will cover the 10 years preceding the most recent quarter. This report covers July 2012 (Q3) through June 2022 (Q2).

Table 1A below shows that the Cumulative Housing Balance for 10-year 2012 Q3-2022 Q2 period is 19.6% citywide. The Cumulative Housing Balance for the previous 10-year period from 2012 Q1-2021 Q4 was 16.9%.

In 2016, the Board of Supervisors revised the ordinance to include Owner Move-Ins (OMIs)⁶ in the "Units Removed from Protected Status" section of the Housing Balance calculation. Although OMIs were not specifically named in the original Ordinance in the calculation of the Housing Balance, these were included in earlier reports because this type of no-fault eviction results in the loss of rent-controlled units either permanently or for a period of time.

BoS District	Net New Affordable Housing Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units	Units Removed from Protected Status	Total Net New Units Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Units	Cumulative Housing Balance
1	142	104	478	511	285	-29.1%
2	185	262	266	1,012	1,727	6.6%
3	579	136	290	1,391	1,339	15.6%
4	127	156	415	225	377	-21.9%
5	669	680	300	2,075	2,461	23.1%
6	4,066	4,848	133	20,257	20,524	21.5%
7	308	936	204	729	7,187	13.1%
8	477	62	561	1,580	571	-1.0%
9	889	297	627	2,067	1,296	16.6%
10	1,635	4,865	269	5,341	22,084	22.7%
11	208	402	354	542	766	19.6%
Totals	9,285	12,748	3,897	35,730	58,617	19.2%

Table 1ACumulative Housing Balance Calculation, 2013 Q1—2022 Q4

⁶ Owner Move-In (OMI) Evictions occur when a landlord or property owner recovers possession of a rental unit for the occupancy of the owner or relative of the owner for use as their principal residence for a period of at least 36 continuous months. This information is collected from the Rent Board.

Table 1B below shows that the Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance for Board of Supervisor Districts is 27.2%, higher than the previous reported figure of 24.8%. Figures vary among Supervisor districts, ranging from -50.2% (District 4) to 48.1% (District 5). Negative balances seen in Districts 1 (-24.8%) and 4 (-50.2%) resulted from the units removed from protected status relative to the net new affordable housing and net new housing units built in those districts.

BoS District	Net New Affordable Housing Built	Acquisitions, Rehabs & Small Sites Completed	RAD & Hope SF Replacement Units	Total Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units	Units Removed from Protected Status	Total Net New Units Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Units	Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance
1	142	22	144	104	478	511	285	-8.3%
2	185	25	251	262	266	1,012	1,727	16.7%
3	579	147	576	136	290	1,391	1,339	42.1%
4	127	-	-	156	415	225	377	-21.9%
5	669	814	806	680	300	2,075	2,461	58.8%
6	4,066	1,166	560	4,848	133	20,257	20,524	25.8%
7	308	-	109	936	204	729	7,187	14.5%
8	477	77	330	62	561	1,580	571	17.9%
9	889	489	418	297	627	2,067	1,296	43.6%
10	1,635	-	1,365	4,865	269	5,341	22,084	27.7%
11	208	54	-	402	354	542	766	23.7%
Totals	9,285	2,794	4,559	12,748	3,897	35,730	58,617	27.0%

Table 1BExpanded Cumulative Housing Balance Calculation, 2013 Q1-2022 Q4

PROJECTED HOUSING BALANCE

Table 2 below summarizes residential projects that have received entitlements from the Planning Commission or the Planning Department, have received an approved building permit from the Department of Building Inspection (DBI), or are currently under construction. Table 2 is the summary of Tables 3 (Units in Building Permits Approved or Under Construction, as of 2022 Q4) and 4 (Entitled Units Without a Building Permit Issued, as of 2022 Q4), thus providing a projected housing balance that includes any residential project that has received approval from the Planning Commission or Planning Department, as required by the ordinance.

The overall projected housing balance at the end of 2022 Q4 is 21.7%; for the previous 10-year reporting period, this projected balance was 23.3%. The projected balance is also expected to change as several major projects have yet to declare how their affordable housing requirements will be met. In addition, one entitled major development project, India Basin, is not included in the accounting until site or building permits are issued, as specified in the ordinance. Remaining phases from this project will yield an additional 1,575 net new units; 25% (or about 394 units) would be affordable to low- and moderate-income households.⁷

As required by the ordinance, the Projected Housing Balance also does not account for affordable housing units that will be produced with current and future affordable housing funding (e.g. Inclusionary Housing Fee, Jobs-Housing Linkage Fee, bond funds), including funds owed or already paid by projects in a given reporting cycle. Those affordable housing units are produced several years after the fee is collected. Units produced through the fee typically serve lower income households than do the inclusionary units, including special needs populations requiring services, such as seniors, transitional aged youth, families, and veterans.

BoS District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
1	30	67	4	3	104	285	36.5%
2	18	54	28	162	262	1,727	15.2%
3	60	112	69	(105)	136	1,339	10.2%
4	33	62	48	13	156	377	41.4%
5	86	587	28	(21)	680	2,461	27.6%
6	508	871	407	3,062	4,848	20,524	23.6%
7	49	70	57	760	936	7,187	13.0%
8	8	26	14	14	62	571	10.9%
9	126	113	36	22	297	1,296	22.9%
10	162	115	154	4,434	4,865	22,084	22.0%
11	168	131	103	-	402	766	52.5%
Totals	1,248	2,208	948	8,344	12,748	58,617	21.7%

Table Z		
Projected Housing Balance (Entitled,	Permitted, and Under	Construction Units), 2022 Q4

Table 2

⁷ Calculated from the 2021 Q4 Planning Pipeline

Permitted and Under Construction Units

Table 3 below shows units that have received approved building permits from DBI or are currently under construction as of 2022 Q4. 37.4% of these units will be or are currently being built in District 6; another 22.9% will be or are currently being built in District 10. Of all units that have received approved permits or are currently under construction, 32.6% will be affordable. 39.4% of affordable units are in District 6; another 27.6% are in District 10.

BoS District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
1	30	67	1	1	99	194	51.0%
2	12	39	13	(42)	22	281	7.8%
3	41	69	46	(124)	32	411	7.8%
4	33	62	46	5	146	221	66.1%
5	20	307	-	(3)	324	1,021	31.7%
6	175	354	160	761	1,450	4,229	34.3%
7	-	-	-	-	-	1,070	0.0%
8	-	18	2	20	40	259	15.4%
9	94	70	14	(1)	177	479	37.0%
10	97	23	81	817	1,018	2,589	39.3%
11	163	117	94	1	375	545	68.8%
Totals	665	1,126	457	1,435	3,683	11,299	32.6%

Table 3Building Permits Approved or Under Construction, as of 2022 Q2

Entitled Units

Table 4 below shows units that have received entitlements from the Planning Commission or the Planning Department, but have not received building permits, as of 2022 Q4. 41.2% of these units will be built in District 10, and 34.4% in District 6. Of all units that have received Planning entitlements, 19.2% will be affordable. The entitled major development project India Basin is not included in the accounting, as specified in the ordinance.

		U	•	•			
BoS District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
1	-	-	3	2	5	91	5.5%
2	6	15	15	204	240	1,446	16.6%
3	19	43	23	19	104	928	11.2%
4	-	-	2	8	10	156	6.4%
5	66	280	28	(18)	356	1,440	24.7%
6	333	517	247	2,301	3,398	16,295	20.9%
7	49	70	57	760	936	6,117	15.3%
8	8	8	12	(6)	22	312	7.1%
9	32	43	22	23	120	817	14.7%
10	65	92	73	3,617	3,847	19,495	19.7%
11	5	14	9	(1)	27	221	12.2%
Totals	583	1,082	491	6,909	9,065	47,318	19.2%

Table 4

Entitled Units Without a Building Permit Issued, as of 2022 Q4

CUMULATIVE HOUSING BALANCE ELEMENTS

Because the scope covered by the Housing Balance calculation is broad, each element—or group of elements—will be discussed separately. The body of this report will account for figures at the Board of Supervisor district level. The breakdown of each element using the Planning Department District geographies, as required by *Section 103*, is provided separately in *Appendix B*. This is to ensure simple and uncluttered tables in the main body of the report.

Affordable Housing and Net New Housing Production

Table 5 below shows housing production between 2013 Q1 and 2022 Q4. This ten-year period resulted in a net addition of 35,730 units to the City's housing stock, including 9,285 affordable units (or 26.0%). District 6 leads in production of housing units during the ten-year reporting period, with 20,257 units, including 4,066 affordable units. District 10 follows with 5,341 net new units, including 1,635 affordable units.

The table below also shows that 26.0% of net new units built between 2013 Q1 and 2022 Q4 are affordable. 43.8% of the affordable units built during that period were in District 6, and 17.6% in District 10.

BoS District	Extr. Low Income	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	Middle Income	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
1	-	-	1	141	-	142	511	28%
2	-	1	3	181	-	185	1,012	18%
3	18	297	101	163	-	579	1,391	42%
4	-	-	1	126	-	127	225	56%
5	-	249	156	264	-	669	2,075	32%
6	278	1,803	1,614	347	24	4,066	20,257	20%
7	-	182	19	107	-	308	729	42%
8	-	229	77	171	-	477	1,580	30%
9	79	342	305	163	-	889	2,067	43%
10	67	896	518	154	-	1,635	5,341	31%
11	-	5	39	164	-	208	542	38%
Totals	442	4,004	2,834	1,981	24	9,285	35,730	26.0%

Table 5

New Housing Production by Affordability, 2013 Q1–2022 Q4⁸

⁸ It should be noted that units affordable to Extremely Very Low Income (EVLI) households are included under the Very Low Income (VLI) category because certain projects that benefit homeless individuals and families – groups considered as EVLI – have income eligibility caps at the VLI level.

Acquisition and Rehabilitation of Affordable Housing Units

Table 6A below shows units that have been rehabilitated and/or acquired for preservation between 2013 Q1 and 2022 Q4 to ensure permanent affordability. These are mostly single-room occupancy hotel units that are affordable to extremely-low and very-low-income households.

BoS District 💌	No. of Buildin _t	No. of Units 💌
1	2	5
2	1	25
3	5	124
4	-	-
5	10	802
6	17	1,109
7	-	-
8	8	43
9	25	344
10	-	-
11	1	21
Totals	69	2,473

Table 6AAcquisitions and Rehabilitation of Affordable Housing, 2013 Q1—2022 Q4

Small Sites Program

The San Francisco Small Sites Program (SSP) is an initiative of the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development (MOHCD) to acquire small rent-controlled buildings (with four to 25 units) where tenants are at risk of eviction through the Ellis Act ⁹or owner move-ins. Since its inception in 2014, 45 buildings with 321 units have been acquired.

BoS District 💌	No. of Building	No. of Units 💌
1	3	17
2	-	-
3	3	23
4	-	-
5	4	12
6	5	57
7	-	-
8	7	34
9	21	145
10	-	-
11	2	33
Totals	45	321

Table 6B Small Sites Program, 2014—2022 Q4

⁹ Ellis Act evictions occur when a landlord withdraws the rental unit from the residential rental housing market.

RAD & HOPE SF Programs

The San Francisco Housing Authority's Rental Assistance Demonstration Program (RAD) preserves at-risk public and assisted housing projects.

BoS District 💌	No. of Building 🝸	No. of Units 💌
1	2	144
2	3	251
3	4	576
4	-	-
5	6	806
6	4	560
7	1	109
8	4	330
9	4	418
10	13	1,365
11	-	
Totals	41	4,559

Table 7 RAD & HOPE SF Affordable Units, 2015-2022 Q4

Units Removed from Protected Status

San Francisco's Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance protects tenants and preserves affordability of about 175,000 rental units by limiting annual rent increases. Landlords can, however, terminate tenants' leases through no-fault evictions that are not the tenants' fault. The Housing Balance calculation takes into account units permanently withdrawn from rent stabilization as loss of affordable housing. The following no-fault evictions affect the supply of rent-controlled units by removing units from the rental market: condo conversion, demolition, Ellis Act, and owner move-ins (OMIs). It should be noted that initially, OMIs were not specifically named by the Ordinance to be included in the calculation. However, because owner move-ins have the effect of removing rent-controlled units either permanently or for a substantial period of time, these numbers are included in the Housing Balance calculation as intended by the legislation's sponsors. Some of these OMI units may return to being rentals and will still fall under the rent control ordinance. On 14 November 2016, the Board of Supervisors amended Planning Code Section 103 to include OMIs as part of the housing balance calculation.

Table 8 below shows the distribution of no-fault eviction notices issued between January 2013 and December 2022. Eviction notices have been commonly used as proxy for evictions. Owner Move-In and Ellis Act notices made up most of no-fault evictions (64% and 34% respectively). Distribution of these no-fault eviction notices is almost evenly dispersed, with Districts 8 and 9 leading (with approximately 14% and 16% respectively of the total units removed from protected status).

BoS District	Condo Conversion	Demolition	Ellis Act	Owner Move-In	Units Removed from Protected Status
1	1	-	148	329	478
2	-	-	82	184	266
3	1	-	166	123	290
4	-	-	94	321	415
5	-	1	82	217	300
6	-	66	55	12	133
7	-	-	63	141	204
8	-	-	230	331	561
9	-	-	281	346	627
10	1	1	54	213	269
11	-	-	73	281	354
Totals	3	68	1,328	2,498	3,897

Table 8Units Removed from Protected Status, 2013 Q1—2022 Q4

PERIODIC REPORTING AND ONLINE ACCESS

This report complies with the *Planning Code Section 103* requirement that the Planning Department publish and update the *Housing Balance Report* bi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. *Housing Balance Reports* are available online, as mandated by the ordinance, by going to this link: <u>https://sfplanning.org/housing-balance-report</u>.

ANNUAL HEARING

A hearing on the Housing Balance before the Board of Supervisors is scheduled each year. The Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development, the Mayor's Office of Economic and Workforce Development, the Rent Stabilization Board, the Department of Building Inspection, and the City Economist will present strategies for achieving and maintaining a housing balance consistent with the City's housing goals at this annual hearing. The ordinance also requires that MOHCD will determine the amount of funding needed to bring the City into the required minimum 33% should the cumulative housing balance fall below that threshold.

APPENDIX A Ordinance 53-15

1	AMENDED IN COMMITTEE
	4/6/15 FILE NO. 150029 ORDINANCE NO. 53-15
1	[Planning Code - City Housing Balance Monitoring and Reporting]
2	
3	Ordinance amending the Planning Code to require the Planning Department to monitor
4	the balance between new market rate housing and new affordable housing, and publish
5	a bi-annual Housing Balance Report; requiring an annual hearing at the Board of
6	Supervisors on strategies for achieving and maintaining the required housing balance
7	in accordance with San Francisco's housing production goals; and making
8	environmental findings, Planning Code, Section 302 findings, and findings of
9	consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code,
10	Section 101.1.
11	
12	NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font. Additions to Codes are in <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman font</u> .
13	Deletions to Codes are in <i>strikethrough italies Times New Roman font</i> . Board amendment additions are in <u>double-underlined Arial font</u> .
14	Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font. Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.
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16	Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:
17	
18	Section 1. Findings.
19	(a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this
20	ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources
21	Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
22	Supervisors in File No. 150029 and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board of
23	Supervisors affirms this determination.
24	(b) On March 19, 2015, the Planning Commission, in Resolution No. 19337, adopted
25	findings that the actions contemplated in this ordinance are consistent, on balance, with the
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1	adopts these findings as its own. A copy of said Resolution is on file with the Clerk of the
2	Board of Supervisors in File No. 150029, and is incorporated herein by reference.
3	(c) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, this Board finds that this Planning Code
4	Amendment will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth
5	in Planning Commission Resolution No. 150029 and the Board incorporates such reasons
6	herein by reference.
7	
8	Section 2. The Planning Code is hereby amended by adding new Section 103 to read
9	as follows:
10	SEC. 103. HOUSING BALANCE MONITORING AND REPORTING.
11	(a) Purposes. To maintain a balance between new affordable and market rate housing City-
12	wide and within neighborhoods, to make housing available for all income levels and housing need
13	types, to preserve the mixed income character of the City and its neighborhoods, to offset the
14	withdrawal of existing housing units from rent stabilization and the loss of single-room-occupancy
15	hotel units, to ensure the availability of land and encourage the deployment of resources to provide
16	sufficient housing affordable to households of very low, low, and moderate incomes, to ensure adequate
17	housing for families, seniors and the disabled community, to ensure that data on meeting affordable
18	housing targets City-wide and within neighborhoods informs the approval process for new housing
19	development, and to enable public participation in determining the appropriate mix of new housing
20	approvals, there is hereby established a requirement, as detailed in this Section 103, to monitor and
21	regularly report on the housing balance between market rate housing and affordable housing.
22	(b) Findings.
23	(1) In November 2014, the City voters enacted Proposition K, which established City
24	policy to help construct or rehabilitate at least 30,000 homes by 2020. More than 50% of this housing
25	would be affordable for middle-class households, with at least 33% affordable for low- and moderate-
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1	income households, and the City is expected to develop strategies to achieve that goal. This section
2	103 sets forth a method to track performance toward the City's Housing Element goals and the near-
3	term Proposition K goal that 33% of all new housing shall be affordable housing, as defined herein.
4	(2) The City's rent stabilized and permanently affordable housing stock serves very low-,
5	low-, and moderate-income families, long-time residents, elderly seniors, disabled persons and others,
6	The City seeks to achieve and maintain an appropriate balance between market rate housing and
7	affordable housing City-wide and within neighborhoods because the availability of decent housing and
8	a suitable living environment for every San Franciscan is of vital importance. Attainment of the City's
9	housing goals requires the cooperative participation of government and the private sector to expand
10	housing opportunities to accommodate housing needs for San Franciscans at all economic levels and to
11	respond to the unique needs of each neighborhood where housing will be located.
12	(3) For tenants in unsubsidized housing, affordability is often preserved by the
13	Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance's limitations on the size of allowable rent
14	increases during a tenancy. As documented in the Budget and Legislative Analyst's October 2013
15	Policy Analysis Report on Tenant Displacement, San Francisco is experiencing a rise in units
16	withdrawn from rent controls. Such rises often accompany periods of sharp increases in property
17	values and housing prices. From 1998 through 2013, the Rent Board reported a total of 13,027 no-fault
18	evictions (i.e., evictions in which the tenant had not violated any lease terms, but the owner sought to
19	regain possession of the unit). Total evictions of all types have increased by 38.2% from Rent Board
20	Year (i.e. from March through February) 2010 to Rent Board Year 2013. During the same period, Ellis
21	Act evictions far outpaced other evictions, increasing by 169.8% from 43 in Rent Board Year 2010 to
22	116 in Rent Board Year 2013. These numbers do not capture the large number of owner buyouts of
23	tenants, which contribute further to the loss of rent-stabilized units from the housing market. Any fair
24	assessment of the affordable housing balance must incorporate into the calculation units withdrawn
25	from rent stabilization.
	Supervisor Kim
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1	(4) Pursuant to Government Code Section 65584, the Association of Bay Area
2	Governments (ABAG), in coordination with the California State Department of Housing and
3	Community Development (HCD), determines the Bay Area's regional housing need based on regional
4	trends, projected job growth, and existing needs. The regional housing needs assessment (RHNA)
5	determination includes production targets addressing housing needs of a range of household income
6	categories. For the RHNA period covering 2015 through 2022, ABAG has projected that at least 38%
7	of new housing demands for San Francisco will be from very low and low income households
8	(households earning under 80% of area median income), and another 22% of new housing demands to
9	be affordable to households of moderate means (earning between 80% and 120% of area median
10	income). Market-rate housing is considered housing with no income limits or special requirements
11	attached.
12	(5) The Housing Element of the City's General Plan states: "Based on the growing
13	population, and smart growth goals of providing housing in central areas like San Francisco, near jobs
14	and transit, the State Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD), with the
15	Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG), estimates that in the current 2015-2022 Housing
16	Element period San Francisco must plan for the capacity for roughly 28,870 new units. 57% of which
17	should be suitable for housing for the extremely low, very low, low and moderate income households to
18	meet its share of the region's projected housing demand." Objective 1 of the Housing Element states
19	that the City should "identify and make available for development adequate sites to meet the City's
20	housing needs, especially permanently affordable housing." Objective 7 states that San Francisco's
21	projected affordable housing needs far outpace the capacity for the City to secure subsidies for new
22	affordable units.
23	(6) In 2012, the City enacted Ordinance 237-12, the "Housing Preservation and
24	Production Ordinance," codified in Administrative Code Chapter 10E.4, to require Planning
25	Department staff to regularly report data on progress toward meeting San Francisco's quantified
	Supervisor Kim BOARD OF SUPERVISORS Page 4
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1	production goals for different household income levels as provided in the General Plan's Housing
2	Element. That Ordinance requires data on the number of units in all stages of the housing production
3	process at various affordability levels to be included in staff reports on all proposed projects of five
4	residential units or more and in quarterly housing production reports to the Planning Commission. The
5	Planning Department has long tracked the number of affordable housing units and total number of
6	housing units built throughout the City and in specific areas and should be able to track the ratio called
7	for in this Section 103.
8	(7) As the private market has embarked upon, and government officials have urged, an
9	ambitious program to produce significant amounts of new housing in the City, the limited remaining
10	available land makes it essential to assess the impact of the approval of new market rate housing
11	developments on the availability of land for affordable housing and to encourage the deployment of
12	resources to provide such housing.
13	(c) Housing Balance Calculation.
14	(1) For purposes of this Section 103, "Housing Balance" shall be defined as the
15	
	proportion of all new housing units affordable to households of extremely low, very low, low or
16	proportion of all new housing units affordable to households of extremely low, very low, low or moderate income households, as defined in California Health & Safety Code Sections 50079.5 et seq.,
16 17	
	moderate income households, as defined in California Health & Safety Code Sections 50079.5 et seq.
17	moderate income households, as defined in California Health & Safety Code Sections 50079.5 et seq., as such provisions may be amended from time to time, to the total number of all new housing units for a
17 18	moderate income households, as defined in California Health & Safety Code Sections 50079.5 et seq., as such provisions may be amended from time to time, to the total number of all new housing units for a 10 year Housing Balance Period.
17 18 19	moderate income households, as defined in California Health & Safety Code Sections 50079.5 et seq., as such provisions may be amended from time to time, to the total number of all new housing units for a 10 year Housing Balance Period. (2) The Housing Balance Period shall begin with the first quarter of year 2005 to the
17 18 19 20	moderate income households, as defined in California Health & Safety Code Sections 50079.5 et seq., as such provisions may be amended from time to time, to the total number of all new housing units for a 10 year Housing Balance Period. (2) The Housing Balance Period shall begin with the first quarter of year 2005 to the last quarter of 2014, and thereafter for the ten years prior to the most recent calendar quarter.
17 18 19 20 21	moderate income households, as defined in California Health & Safety Code Sections 50079.5 et seq., as such provisions may be amended from time to time, to the total number of all new housing units for a 10 year Housing Balance Period. (2) The Housing Balance Period shall begin with the first quarter of year 2005 to the last quarter of 2014, and thereafter for the ten years prior to the most recent calendar quarter. (3) For each year that data is available, beginning in 2005, the Planning Department
17 18 19 20 21 22	moderate income households, as defined in California Health & Safety Code Sections 50079.5 et seq., as such provisions may be amended from time to time, to the total number of all new housing units for a 10 year Housing Balance Period. (2) The Housing Balance Period shall begin with the first quarter of year 2005 to the last quarter of 2014, and thereafter for the ten years prior to the most recent calendar quarter. (3) For each year that data is available, beginning in 2005, the Planning Department shall report net housing construction by income levels, as well as units that have been withdrawn from
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	moderate income households, as defined in California Health & Safety Code Sections 50079.5 et seq., as such provisions may be amended from time to time, to the total number of all new housing units for a 10 year Housing Balance Period. (2) The Housing Balance Period shall begin with the first quarter of year 2005 to the last quarter of 2014, and thereafter for the ten years prior to the most recent calendar quarter. (3) For each year that data is available, beginning in 2005, the Planning Department shall report net housing construction by income levels, as well as units that have been withdrawn from protection afforded by City law, such as laws providing for rent-controlled and single resident
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	moderate income households, as defined in California Health & Safety Code Sections 50079.5 et seq., as such provisions may be amended from time to time, to the total number of all new housing units for a 10 year Housing Balance Period. (2) The Housing Balance Period shall begin with the first quarter of year 2005 to the last quarter of 2014, and thereafter for the ten years prior to the most recent calendar quarter. (3) For each year that data is available, beginning in 2005, the Planning Department shall report net housing construction by income levels, as well as units that have been withdrawn from protection afforded by City law, such as laws providing for rent-controlled and single resident occupancy (SRO) units. The affordable housing categories shall include net new units, as well as

1	preservation as permanently affordable housing as determined by the Mayor's Office of Housing and
2	Community Development (MOHCD) (not including refinancing or other rehabilitation under existing
3	ownership), protected by deed or regulatory agreement for a minimum of 55 years. The report shall
4	include, by year, and for the latest quarter, all units that have received Temporary Certificates of
5	Occupancy within that year, a separate category for units that obtained a site or building permit, and
6	another category for units that have received approval from the Planning Commission or Planning
7	Department, but have not yet obtained a site or building permit to commence construction (except any
8	entitlements that have expired and not been renewed during the Housing Balance Period). Master
9	planned entitlements, including but not limited to such areas as Treasure Island, Hunters Point
10	Shipyard and Park Merced, shall not be included in this latter category until individual building
11	entitlements or site permits are approved for specific housing projects. For each year or approval
12	status, the following categories shall be separately reported:
13	(A) Extremely Low Income Units, which are units available to individuals or
14	families making between 0-30% Area Median Income (AMI) as defined in California Health & Safety
15	Code Section 50106, and are subject to price or rent restrictions between 0-30% AMI;
16	(B) Very Low Income Units, which are units available to individuals or families
17	making between 30-50% AMI as defined in California Health & Safety Code Section 50105, and are
18	subject to price or rent restrictions between 30-50% AMI;
19	(C) Lower Income Units, which are units available to individuals or families
20	making between 50-80% AMI as defined in California Health & Safety Code Section 50079.5, and are
21	subject to price or rent restrictions between 50-80% AMI;
22	(D) Moderate Income Units, which are units available to individuals or families
23	making between 80-120% AMI, and are subject to price or rent restrictions between 80-120% AMI;
24	(E) Middle Income Units, which are units available to individuals or families
25	making between 120-150% AMI, and are subject to price or rent restrictions between 120-150% AMI;
	Supervisor Kim
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1	(F) Market-rate units, which are units not subject to any deed or regulatory
2	agreement with price restrictions;
3	(G) Housing units withdrawn from protected status, including units withdrawn
4	from rent control (except those units otherwise converted into permanently affordable housing).
5	including all units that have been subject to rent control under the San Francisco Residential Rent
6	Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance but that a property owner removes permanently from the
7	rental market through condominium conversion pursuant to Administrative Code Section 37.9(a)(9).
8	demolition or alterations (including dwelling unit mergers), or permanent removal pursuant to
9	Administrative Code Section 37.9(a)(10) or removal pursuant to the Ellis Act under Administrative
0	<u>Code Section 37.9(a)(13);</u>
1	(H) Public housing replacement units and substantially rehabilitated units
2	through the HOPE SF and Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) programs, as well as other
3	substantial rehabilitation programs managed by MOHCD.
4	(4) The Housing Balance shall be expressed as a percentage, obtained by dividing the
5	cumulative total of extremely low, very low, low and moderate income affordable housing units (all
6	units 0-120% AMI) minus the lost protected units, by the total number of net new housing units within
7	the Housing Balance Period. The Housing Balance shall also provide two calculations:
8	(A) the Cumulative Housing Balance, consisting of housing units that have
9	already been constructed (and received a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy or other certificate that
0	would allow occupancy of the units) within the 10-year Housing Balance Period, plus those units that
1	have obtained a site or building permit. A separate calculation of the Cumulative Housing Balance
2	shall also be provided, which includes HOPE SF and RAD public housing replacement and
3	substantially rehabilitated units (but not including general rehabilitation / maintenance of public
4	housing or other affordable housing units) that have received Temporary Certificates of Occupancy
5	
	Supervisor Kim BOARD OF SUPERVISORS Page 7

1	within the Housing Balance Period. The Housing Balance Reports will show the Cumulative Housing
2	Balance with and without public housing included in the calculation; and
3	(B) the Projected Housing Balance, which shall include any residential project
4	that has received approval from the Planning Commission or Planning Department, even if the
5	housing project has not yet obtained a site or building permit to commence construction (except any
6	entitlements that have expired and not been renewed during the Housing Balance period). Master
7	planned entitlements shall not be included in the calculation until individual building entitlements or
8	site permits are approved.
9	(d) Bi-annual Housing Balance Reports. Within 30 days of the effective date of this
10	Section 103By June 1, 2015, the Planning Department shall calculate the Cumulative and Projected
11	Housing Balance for the most recent two quarters City-wide, by Supervisorial District, Plan Area, and
12	by neighborhood Planning Districts, as defined in the annual Housing Inventory, and publish it as an
13	easily visible and accessible page devoted to Housing Balance and Monitoring and Reporting on the
14	Planning Department's website. By August September 1st and February March 1st of each year, the
15	Planning Department shall publish and update the Housing Balance Report, and present this report at
16	an informational hearing to the Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors, as well as to any
17	relevant body with geographic purview over a plan area upon request, along with the other quarterly
18	reporting requirements of Administrative Code Chapter 10E.4. The annual report to the Board of
19	Supervisors shall be accepted by resolution of the Board, which resolution shall be introduced
20	by the Planning Department. The Housing Balance Report shall also be incorporated into the
21	Annual Planning Commission Housing Hearing and Annual Report to the Board of Supervisors
22	required in Administrative Code Chapter 10E.4.
23	(e) Annual Hearing by Board of Supervisors.
24	(1) The Board of Supervisors shall hold a public Housing Balance hearing on an annual
25	basis by April 1 of each year, to consider progress towards the City's affordable housing goals,
	Supervisor Kim BOARD OF SUPERVISORS Page 8

1	including the goal of a minimum 33% affordable housing to low and moderate income households, as
2	well as the City's General Plan Housing Element housing production goals by income category. The
3	first hearing shall occur no later than 30 days after the effective date of this ordinance, and by April 1
4	of each year thereafter.
5	(2) The hearing shall include reporting by the Planning Department, which shall present
6	the latest Housing Balance Report City-wide and by Supervisorial District and Planning District; the
7	Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development, the Mayor's Office of Economic and
8	Workforce Development, the Rent Stabilization Board, by the Department of Building Inspection, and
9	the City Economist on strategies for achieving and maintaining a housing balance in accordance with
10	San Francisco's housing production goals. If the Cumulative Housing Balance has fallen below 33% in
11	any year, MOHCD shall determine how much funding is required to bring the City into a minimum
12	33% Housing Balance and the Mayor shall submit to the Board of Supervisors a strategy to accomplish
13	the minimum of 33% Housing Balance. City Departments shall at minimum report on the following
14	issues relevant to the annual Housing Balance hearing: MOHCD shall report on the annual and
15	projected progress by income category in accordance with the City's General Plan Housing Element
16	housing production goals, projected shortfalls and gaps in funding and site control, and progress
17	toward the City's Neighborhood Stabilization goals for acquiring and preserving the affordability of
18	existing rental units in neighborhoods with high concentrations of low and moderate income
19	households or historically high levels of evictions; the Planning Department shall report on current
20	and proposed zoning and land use policies that affect the City's General Plan Housing Element
21	housing production goals; the Mayor's Office of Economic and Workforce Development shall report on
22	current and proposed major development projects, dedicated public sites, and policies that affect the
23	
24	
25	
	Supervisor Kim
	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS Page 9

1	City's General Plan Housing Element housing production goals; the Rent Board shall report on the
2	withdrawal or addition of rent-controlled units and current or proposed policies that affect these
3	numbers; the Department of Building Inspection shall report on the withdrawal or addition of
4	Residential Hotel units and current or proposed policies that affect these numbers; and the City
5	Economist shall report on annual and projected job growth by the income categories specified in the
6	City's General Plan Housing Element.
7	(3) All reports and presentation materials from the annual Housing Balance hearing
8	shall be maintained by year for public access on the Planning Department's website on its page
9	devoted to Housing Balance Monitoring and Reporting.
10	
11	Section 4. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after
12	enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the
13	ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board
14	of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.
15	
16	APPROVED AS TO FORM: DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney
17	
18	By: MARLENA BYRNE
19	Deputy City Attorney
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	Supervisor Kim
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		ty of San Francisco Tails dinance	City Hall 1 Dr. Carltan B. Goodlett Pince San Francisco, CA 94102-4689	
File Number:	150029	Date Passed: A	pril 21, 2015	
between new ma Balance Report; and maintaining production goals	Irket rate housing and new af requiring an annual hearing a the required housing balance ; and making environmental f	quire the Planning Department fordable housing, and publish at the Board of Supervisors on in accordance with San Franc indings, Planning Code, Section and the eight priority policies of	a bi-annual Housing strategies for achieving sisco's housing on 302, findings, and	
	, 2015 Land Use and Transpo WHOLE BEARING SAME T	ortation Committee - AMENDE	D, AN AMENDMENT	
April 06	, 2015 Land Use and Transpo	ortation Committee - RECOMM	MENDED AS AMENDED	
April 14	, 2015 Board of Supervisors	PASSED, ON FIRST READIN	NG	
	Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Breed, C Wiener and Yee	ampos, Christensen, Cohen, F	Farrell, Kim, Mar, Tang,	
April 21	, 2015 Board of Supervisors	FINALLY PASSED		
	Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Breed, C Wiener and Yee	ampos, Christensen, Cohen, F	Farrell, Kim, Mar, Tang,	
File N	o. 150029	I hereby certify that i Ordinance was FINA 4/21/2015 by the Boa the City and County	LLY PASSED on Ind of Supervisors of	
		Angela C Clerk of th		
d	<u>Milli MBe</u>	430 Date Ap	2015 proved	
City and County of San Francisco	,	Page 4	Printed at 1:43 pm on 4/22/15	

APPENDIX B CUMULATIVE HOUSING BALANCE REPORT No 10 TABLES BY PLANNING DISTRICTS

Planning District	Net New Affordable Housing Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units	Units Removed from Protected Status	Total Net New Units Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Units	Cumulative Housing Balance
Bernal Heights	3	3	171	13	244	-64.2%
Buena Vista	30	260	193	36	692	13.3%
Central	16	40	292	42	322	-64.8%
Downtown	251	954	52	1,163	4,733	19.6%
Ingleside	13	947	170	13	7,176	11.0%
Inner Sunset	31	-	172	38	118	-90.4%
Marina	24	27	154	33	238	-38.0%
Mission	370	541	585	1,091	2,936	8.1%
Northeast	153	72	300	180	768	-7.9%
Outer Sunset	15	156	415	44	362	-60.1%
Presidio	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Richmond	19	339	532	37	1,591	-10.7%
South Bayshore	11	3,459	106	20	14,128	23.8%
South Central	198	636	417	211	1,597	23.1%
South of Market	344	3,429	169	1,148	15,371	21.8%
Treasure Island	-	1,786	-	-	7,552	23.6%
Western Addition	59	99	169	597	789	-0.8%
Totals	1,537	12,748	3,897	4,666	58,617	16.4%

Cumulative Housing Balance Calculation, 2013 Q1-2022 Q4

Table 1A

*Treasure Island developments permitted are included as part of Planning District 9 South of Market.

Table 1B
Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance Calculation, 2013 Q1-2022 Q4

Planning District	Net New Affordable Housing Built	Acquisitions, Rehabs & Small Sites Completed	RAD & Hope SF Replacement Units	Total Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units	Units Removed from Protected Status	Total Net New Units Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Units	Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance
Bernal Heights	3	58	418	3	171	13	244	121.0%
Buena Vista	30	22	132	260	193	36	692	34.5%
Central	16	12	107	40	292	42	322	-32.1%
Downtown	251	1,426	284	954	52	1,163	4,733	48.6%
Ingleside	13	-	-	947	170	13	7,176	11.0%
Inner Sunset	31	-	109	-	172	38	118	-20.5%
Marina	24	25	138	27	154	33	238	22.1%
Mission	370	486	91	541	585	1,091	2,936	22.4%
Northeast	153	147	576	72	300	180	768	68.4%
Outer Sunset	15	-	-	156	415	44	362	-60.1%
Presidio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Richmond	19	22	144	339	532	37	1,591	-0.5%
South Bayshore	11	-	1,142	3,459	106	20	14,128	31.8%
South Central	198	54	223	636	417	211	1,597	38.4%
South of Market	344	98	276	3,429	169	1,148	15,371	24.1%
Treasure Island	-	-	-	1,786	-	-	7,552	23.6%
Western Addition	59	444	919	99	169	597	789	97.5%
Totals	1,537	2,794	4,559	12,748	3,897	4,666	58,617	28.0%

*Treasure Island developments permitted are included as part of Planning District 9 South of Market.

Planning District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
Bernal Heights	-	-	5	(2)	3	244	1.2%
Buena Vista	103	197	4	(44)	260	692	37.6%
Central	6	6	10	18	40	322	12.4%
Downtown	197	785	151	(179)	954	4,733	20.2%
Ingleside	52	74	66	755	947	7,176	13.2%
Inner Sunset	-	-	-	-	-	118	0.0%
Marina	3	10	9	5	27	238	11.3%
Mission	142	185	42	172	541	2,936	18.4%
Northeast	12	29	14	17	72	768	9.4%
Outer Sunset	33	62	45	16	156	362	43.1%
Presidio	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Richmond	33	94	8	204	339	1,591	21.3%
South Bayshore	101	26	77	3,255	3,459	14,128	24.5%
South Central	179	148	120	189	636	1,597	39.8%
South of Market	353	509	352	2,215	3,429	15,371	22.3%
Treasure Island	10	14	10	1,752	1,786	7,552	23.6%
Western Addition	24	69	35	(29)	99	789	12.5%
Totals	1,248	2,208	948	8,344	12,748	58,617	21.7%

Table 2 Projected Housing Balance (Entitled, Permitted, and Under Construction Units), 2022 Q4

*Treasure Island developments permitted are included as part of Planning District 9 South of Market.

Table 3Building Permits Approved or Under Construction, 2022 Q4

Planning District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
Bernal Heights	-	-	3	(3)	-	45	0.0%
Buena Vista	32	35	1	-	68	136	50.0%
Central	-	-	-	21	21	105	20.0%
Downtown	56	460	50	(96)	470	2,040	23.0%
Ingleside	-	-	1	(1)	-	1,056	0.0%
Inner Sunset	-	-	-	-	-	46	0.0%
Marina	-	-	-	-	-	85	0.0%
Mission	94	84	27	194	399	1,085	36.8%
Northeast	5	17	5	4	31	248	12.5%
Outer Sunset	33	62	45	6	146	210	69.5%
Presidio	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Richmond	30	89	1	1	121	341	35.5%
South Bayshore	97	20	73	212	402	1,658	24.2%
South Central	163	117	101	171	552	778	71.0%
South of Market	143	219	137	711	1,210	2,512	48.2%
Treasure Island	-	-	-	257	257	768	33.5%
Western Addition	12	23	13	(42)	6	186	3.2%
Totals	665	1,126	457	1,435	3,683	11,299	32.6%

*Treasure Island developments permitted are included as part of Planning District 9 South of Market.

Planning District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
Bernal Heights	-	-	2	1	3	199	1.5%
Buena Vista	71	162	3	(44)	192	556	34.5%
Central	6	6	10	(3)	19	217	8.8%
Downtown	141	325	101	(83)	484	2,693	18.0%
Ingleside	52	74	65	756	947	6,120	15.5%
Inner Sunset	-	-	-	-	-	72	0.0%
Marina	3	10	9	5	27	153	17.6%
Mission	48	101	15	(22)	142	1,851	7.7%
Northeast	7	12	9	13	41	520	7.9%
Outer Sunset	-	-	-	10	10	152	6.6%
Presidio	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Richmond	3	5	7	203	218	1,250	17.4%
South Bayshore	4	6	4	3,043	3,057	12,470	24.5%
South Central	16	31	19	18	84	819	10.3%
South of Market	210	290	215	1,504	2,219	12,859	17.3%
Treasure Island	10	14	10	1,495	1,529	6,784	22.5%
Western Addition	12	46	22	13	93	603	15.4%
Totals	583	1,082	491	6,909	9,065	47,318	19.2%

Table 4Entitled Units without a Building Permit Issued, 2022 Q4

Table 5New Housing Production by Affordability, 2013 Q1—2022 Q4

Planning District	Extr. Low Income	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	Middle Income	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
Bernal Heights	-	-	-	3	-	3	13	23%
Buena Vista	-	-	-	30	-	30	36	83%
Central	-	-	-	16	-	16	42	38%
Downtown	-	28	129	70	24	251	1,163	22%
Ingleside	-	-	-	13	-	13	13	100%
Inner Sunset	-	-	2	29	-	31	38	82%
Marina	-	-	-	24	-	24	33	73%
Mission	-	160	152	58	-	370	1,091	34%
Northeast	5	44	76	28	-	153	180	85%
Outer Sunset	-	-	1	14	-	15	44	34%
Presidio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Richmond	-	-	-	19	-	19	37	51%
South Bayshore	-	-	-	11	-	11	20	55%
South Central	-	126	41	31	-	198	211	94%
South of Market	-	213	118	13	-	344	1,148	30%
Treasure Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Western Addition	-	-	20	39	-	59	597	10%
Totals	5	571	539	398	24	1,537	4,666	32.9%

Table 6A Acquisitions and Rehabilitation of Affordable Housing, 2013 Q1–2022 Q4

Planning District	No. of Buildings	No. of Units
Bernal Heights	7	29
Buena Vista	3	17
Central	1	6
Downtown	17	1,396
Ingleside	-	-
Inner Sunset	-	-
Marina	1	25
Mission	24	347
Northeast	5	124
Outer Sunset	-	-
Presidio	-	-
Richmond	2	5
South Bayshore	-	-
South Central	1	21
South of Market	3	71
Treasure Island	-	-
Western Addition	5	432
Totals	69	2,473

Table 6B

Small Sites Program Acquisitions, 2014–2022 Q4

Planning District	No. of Buildings	No. of Units
Bernal Heights	7	29
Buena Vista	2	5
Central	1	6
Downtown	3	30
Ingleside	-	-
Inner Sunset	-	-
Marina	-	-
Mission	19	139
Northeast	3	23
Outer Sunset	-	-
Presidio	-	-
Richmond	3	17
South Bayshore	-	-
South Central	2	33
South of Market	2	27
Treasure Island	-	-
Western Addition	3	12
Totals	45	321

Planning District	No. of Buildings	No. of Units
Bernal Heights	4	418
Buena Vista	2	132
Central	1	107
Downtown	3	284
Ingleside	-	-
Inner Sunset	1	109
Marina	2	138
Mission	1	91
Northeast	4	576
Outer Sunset	-	-
Presidio	-	-
Richmond	2	144
South Bayshore	11	1,142
South Central	2	223
South of Market	1	276
Treasure Island	-	-
Western Addition	7	919
Totals	41	4,559

Table 7 RAD & HOPE SF Affordable Units, 2015—2022 Q4

Planning District	Condo Conversion	Demolition	Ellis Act	Owner Move-In	Units Removed from Protected Status
Bernal Heights	-	-	59	112	171
Buena Vista	-	1	73	119	193
Central	-	-	84	208	292
Downtown	-	-	48	4	52
Ingleside	-	-	35	135	170
Inner Sunset	-	-	69	103	172
Marina	-	-	38	116	154
Mission	-	-	327	258	585
Northeast	1	-	164	135	300
Outer Sunset	-	-	94	321	415
Presidio	-	-	-	-	-
Richmond	1	-	175	356	532
South Bayshore	-	-	15	91	106
South Central	-	1	74	342	417
South of Market	1	66	37	65	169
Treasure Island	-	-	-	-	-
Western Addition	-	-	36	133	169
Totals	3	68	1,328	2,498	3,897

Table 8Units Removed from Protected Status, 2013 Q1—2022 Q4