

## SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Subject to: (Select only if applicable)

☐ Affordable Housing (Sec. 415)

☐ Jobs Housing Linkage Program (Sec. 413)

☐ First Source Hiring

☐ Child Care Requirement (Sec. 414)

☐ Other: Street Tree In-Lieu Fee

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Planning

Date: May 9, 2013

*Case No.*: 2005.0555E; 2009.0886MTZCBRSK; 2012.0403W

Project Address: 3555 Cesar Chavez Street

Zoning/Ht. & Blk. RH-2/105-E

Proposed Zoning/ RH-2, Cesar Chavez-Valencia Streets Medical Use Special Use District/

Planning Commission Motion No. 18886

**HEARING DATE: MAY 23, 2013** 

Height & Bulk: 105-E/145-E Assessor's Block/Lot: 6575/001, 002

Project Sponsor: Geoffrey Nelson, CPMC

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ADOPTING FINDINGS RELATING TO THE APPROVAL OF ALLOCATION OF OFFICE SQUARE FOOTAGE UNDER THE 2012-2013 ANNUAL OFFICE DEVELOPMENT LIMITATION PROGRAM PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 321 AND 322 OF THE PLANNING CODE FOR A PROPOSED PROJECT LOCATED AT 3555 CESAR CHAVEZ STREET THAT WOULD AUTHORIZE THE CONSTRUCTION OF AN APPROXIMATELY 100-FOOT TALL MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING AFFILIATED WITH ST. LUKE'S MEDICAL CENTER WITH A TOTAL OF 94,799 SQUARE FEET OF OFFICE SPACE ON ASSESSOR'S BLOCK 6575, LOTS 001 AND 002, IN THE RH-2 (RESIDENTIAL, HOUSE, TWO-FAMILY) ZONING DISTRICT AND 105-E HEIGHT AND BULK DISTRICT; AND MAKE AND ADOPT FINDINGS, INCLUDING ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS AND FINDINGS OF CONSISTENCY WITH THE GENERAL PLAN AND THE EIGHT PRIORITY POLICIES OF PLANNING CODE SECTION 101.1. THIS MOTION SUPERSEDES IN ITS ENTIRETY MOTION NO. 18595 APPROVED BY THE PLANNING COMMISSION ON APRIL 26, 2012.

#### **PREAMBLE**

On June 10, 2005, Ralph F. Marchese of The Marchese Company, Inc., on behalf of California Pacific Medical Center (hereinafter referred to variously as "CPMC" and "Project Sponsor"), submitted an Environmental Evaluation Application (EEA) with the Planning Department (hereinafter "Department"),

Case No. 2005.0555E. The Department issued a Notice of Preparation of Environmental Review on July 1, 2006, to owners of properties within 300 feet, adjacent tenants, and other potentially interested parties.

On January 13, 2009, CPMC revised its EEA to include updates regarding the LRDP Project, including the proposal for a new St. Luke's Campus Hospital (St. Luke's Campus Hospital) and St. Luke's Medical Office Building (St. Luke's Campus MOB or MOB).

On June 10, 2010, the Project Sponsor submitted a request for the allocation of Office Space for approximately 99,848 sf of medical office space in the proposed St. Luke's Campus MOB (Case No. 2009.0886B).

On June 10, 2010, the Project Sponsor submitted a request to amend the following sections of the General Plan: (1) "Map 4 – Height Map" of the Urban Design Element, to reflect a maximum height of 105′-0″ applicable to the St. Luke's Campus (all of Assessor's Block 6575, Lot 021 in Block 6576, and a portion of San Jose Avenue between Cesar Chavez Street and 27th Street that will be vacated as part of the project, and their successor Blocks and Lots); and (2) "Map 5 – Bulk Map" of the Urban Design Element, to reflect the proposed maximum plan and maximum diagonal plan dimensions of 227' and 270', respectively, for the St. Luke's Campus MOB site (2009.0886M).

On June 10, 2010, the Project Sponsor submitted a request to amend the following sections of the San Francisco Planning Code: (1) Add Section 249.68 to establish the Cesar Chavez/Valencia Streets Medical Use Special Use District (SUD) and allow a floor area ratio of 2.5 to 1 in the Cesar Chavez/Valencia Streets Medical Use SUD; and (2) to add Section 124(k) to allow a floor area ratio of 2.5 to 1 in the Cesar Chavez/Valencia Streets Medical Use SUD. (Case No. 2009.0886T).

On June 10, 2010, the Project Sponsor submitted a request to amend the following Zoning Maps of the San Francisco Planning Code: (1) Map HT07 to reclassify the St. Luke's Campus Hospital site from 65-A to 105-E Height and Bulk District; and (2) Map SU07 to show the boundaries of the Cesar Chavez/Valencia Streets Medical Use SUD (Case No. 2009.0886Z).

On June 10, 2010, the Project Sponsor filed an application with the Department for Conditional Use authorization under Planning Code Sections 134, 136, 151, 303, 304, 209.3(a), 209.9(b), 253, 270, and 271, to amend the existing Planned Unit Development (hereinafter "PUD") for CPMC's St. Luke's Campus to allow construction of the St. Luke's Campus Hospital, demolition of the existing St. Luke's Hospital Tower, and the construction of the St. Luke's Campus MOB with (1) exceptions to/exemptions from the rear yard and off-street parking requirements of Planning Code Sections 134 and 151; (2) exceptions from the dimension limitations for projections over streets or alleys; (3) authorization for buildings over 40'-0" in an RH-2 District; and (4) deviation from otherwise applicable bulk limits, at Assessor's Block 6575/001, 002; 6576/021; and a portion of San Jose Avenue between Cesar Chavez Street and 27th Street (3555 Cesar Chavez Street, 3615 Cesar Chavez Street, 1580 Valencia Street), within an RH-2 (Residential, House, Two-Family) District and a 105-E and 65-A Height and Bulk District ("St. Luke's Campus Hospital and MOB Project").

On June 10, 2010, the Project Sponsor submitted a request for a General Plan Referral, Case No. 2009.0886R, regarding the vacation of the portion of San Jose Avenue between 27th and Cesar Chavez Streets; and sidewalk width changes to various streets adjacent to the campus (2009.0886R).

On July 21, 2010, the Draft Environmental Impact Report ("DEIR") for CPMC's Long Range Development Plan ("LRDP") Project, including the St. Luke's Campus Hospital and MOB Project, was prepared and published for public review, and was available for public comment until October 19, 2010.

On September 23, 2010, the Planning Commission ("Commission") conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to solicit comments regarding the DEIR. On March 29, 2012, the Department published a Comments and Responses document, responding to comments made regarding the DEIR prepared for the LRDP. Together, the Comments and Responses document, the DEIR, and any Errata Sheets, (the Appendices to the DEIR and C&R document), Department staff testimony and responses to questions and comments at the Commission's April 26, 2012, public hearing regarding certification of the Final EIR, and all of the supporting information that has been reviewed and considered by the Department comprise the Final EIR for the LRDP ("FEIR").

On March 30, 2012, the Project Sponsor submitted an Application for a Development Agreement relating to the construction and reconstruction of Health Care Facilities in furtherance of CPMC's LRDP by and between the City and County of San Francisco and CPMC, pursuant to Administrative Code Section 56.4. This Application was endorsed and accepted as complete by the Planning Director on April 4, 2012.

On April 5, 2012, the Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting and adopted Motion No. 18571, initiating the requested General Plan Amendments.

On April 10, 2012, the Mayor, at the Board of Supervisors hearing, introduced the (1) Planning Code Text Amendments in Board File No. 120358; (2) the Zoning Map Amendments in Board File No. 120360, (3) the street vacation ordinance in Board File No. 120361, (4) the Transfer Agreement in Board File No. 120363, (5) the Development Agreement in Board File No. 120366, and (5) sidewalk width legislation in Board File No. 120365.

On April 26, 2012, the Commission reviewed and considered the FEIR and found that the contents of said report and the procedures through which the FEIR was prepared, publicized, and reviewed complied with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code Sections 21000 <u>et seq.</u>)("CEQA"), 14 California Code of Regulations Sections 15000 <u>et seq.</u> (the "CEQA Guidelines"), and Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code ("Chapter 31").

The Commission found the FEIR was adequate, accurate and objective, reflected the independent analysis and judgment of the Department and the Commission, and that the summary of comments and responses contained no significant revisions to the DEIR, and certified the FEIR for the LRDP Project in compliance with CEQA, the CEQA Guidelines and Chapter 31.

The Planning Department, Jonas P. Ionin, is the custodian of records, located in the File for Case No. 2005.0555E, at 1650 Mission Street, Fourth Floor, San Francisco, California.

Department staff prepared a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program ("MMRP") for the LRDP Project, which material was made available to the public and this Commission for this Commission's review, consideration and action.

On April 26, 2012, the Commission (1) adopted Motion No. 18588 certifying the FEIR as accurate, adequate and complete, (2) adopted Motion No. 18589, adopting CEQA findings, including a Statement of Overriding Considerations, and adopting the MMRP, and (3) adopted other Motions and Resolutions with respect to the LRDP Project.

On April 26, 2012, the Planning Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting and adopted: (1) Resolution No. 18590, recommending that the Board of Supervisors approve the requested General Plan Amendment; (2) Motion No. 18592, making findings of consistency with the General Plan and Planning Code Section 101.1; (3) Resolution No. 18593, recommending that the Board of Supervisors approve the requested Planning Code Text and Map Amendments; (4) Motion No. 18594, approving the proposed Conditional Use Authorization; (5) Motion No. 18596, approving the General Plan Referral; and (6) Resolution No. 18602, recommending that the Board of Supervisors approve the proposed draft Development Agreement.

The Planning Department, Jonas P. Ionin, is the custodian of records, located in the File for Case No. 2009.0886MTZCBRSK, at 1650 Mission Street, Fourth Floor, San Francisco, California.

On April 26, 2012, the Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting on the allocation of Office Space requested in Application No. 2009.0886MTZCBRSK.

On May 16, 2012, an appeal of Planning Commission Motion No. 18588 certifying the FEIR was filed with the Board and the Board held a duly noticed public hearing on July 17, 2012. On March 12, 2013 the Board considered the appeal of the FEIR certification and by adoption of Motion No. M13-042, rejected the appeal and affirmed the decision of the Planning Commission to certify the FEIR and found the FEIR to be complete, adequate, and objective, and reflecting the independent judgment of the City in compliance with CEQA, the CEQA Guidelines and Chapter 31.

On June 15, June 25, July 9 and July 16, 2012, having received the Planning Commission's recommendations, a Land Use Committee of the Board held public hearings on the prior version of the project and draft Development Agreement and other draft approvals and thereafter, CPMC, working with City staff, proposed revisions to the project and to the draft development agreement and approvals.

On March 12, 2013, the Board adopted Resolution No. 77-13, endorsing a term sheet for a revised CPMC LRDP Project which includes an increase in size of the new hospital at the St. Luke's Campus (from 80 to 120 beds), and a decrease in the size of the new hospital at the Cathedral Hill Campus (from 555 beds to 274-304 beds). The Resolution urged City staff to make the preparation of revised planning approval documents among its highest priorities and to present to the Planning Commission the revised documents and approvals necessary for the revised CPMC LRDP Project.

Staff subsequently worked with the project sponsor to identify revisions to the April 26, 2012, Planning Commission approvals to reflect the revised CPMC LRDP Project, including the following on the St.

Luke's Campus: increased height limit (145 feet) for the proposed tower portion of the hospital and 105 feet for the remainder of the campus, increased maximum plan and diagonal plan dimensions of 229' and 285', respectively, for the hospital site, an increase in FAR to 2.6:1 and an increased parking deficit.

On April 1, 2013, CPMC revised its EEA to reflect the revised CPMC LRDP Project, consistent with the term sheet endorsed by Board Resolution No. 77-13, including the revisions to the Cathedral Hill Campus Hospital site described above.

On April 9, 2013, CPMC submitted a letter asking the Planning Department to modify the CPMC LRDP Project applications as required to reflect the term sheet endorsed by the Board.

On April 11, 2013, the Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting and adopted Resolution No. 18844, initiating the requested General Plan Amendments for the revised CPMC LRDP Project.

On May 9, 2013, Department staff made available the Addendum to the FEIR for the revised CPMC LRDP Project ("Addendum"), an updated MMRP, and the revised approval documents for the revised CPMC LRDP Project, all as more particularly described in Motion No. 18880.

On May 23, 2013, the Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting and adopted Motion No. 18880, adopting CEQA findings, including a Statement of Overriding Considerations, and adopting an updated MMRP, and adopted other Motions and Resolutions with respect to the revised CPMC LRDP Project.

On May 23, 2013, the Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting and adopted the following Motions and Resolutions superseding in their entirety the April 26, 2012 approvals: (1) Resolution No. 18881, recommending that the Board approve the requested General Plan Amendment; (2) Motion No. 18883, making findings of consistency with the General Plan and Planning Code Section 101.1; (3) Resolution No. 18884, recommending that the Board of Supervisors approve the requested Planning Code Text and Map Amendments; (4) Motion No. 18885, approving the proposed Conditional Use Authorization; (5) Motion No. 18887, approving the General Plan Referral; and (6) Resolution No. 18893, recommending that the Board of Supervisors approve the proposed revised draft Development Agreement; and

On May 23, 2013, the Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting on the allocation of Office Space requested in Application No. 2009.0886MTZCBRSK.

The Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of the applicant, Department staff, and other interested parties.

**MOVED**, that the Commission hereby authorizes the allocation of Office Space requested in Application No. 2009.0886MTZCBRSK, subject to the conditions contained in "EXHIBIT A" of this motion, based on the following findings:

#### **FINDINGS**

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

- 1. The above recitals are accurate and constitute findings of this Commission.
- 2. Site Description and Present Use. St. Luke's Hospital is located in the southeastern quadrant of the City and occupies a full city block plus a surface parking lot on a portion of the adjacent block, totaling approximately 3.6 acres. It is bounded by Cesar Chavez Street, Valencia Street, Duncan Street, one lot to the west of San Jose Avenue, and 27th Street. The St. Luke's Campus currently contains eight buildings, totaling approximately 451,868 gsf of floor area and 329 parking spaces. The Hospital (comprised of the 1970 Tower, 1957 Building and Hartzell Building, described below) is licensed by the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) for 229 hospital beds.

More specifically, the Campus includes the following facilities:

- The St. Luke's Hospital Tower has 12 stories above ground and one story below ground, is approximately 197,983 gsf, and is primarily used for inpatient care, skilled nursing, and administrative support. There are eight surface parking spaces north of the Hospital Tower.
- The 1957 Building has four stories above ground and is approximately 31,724 gsf. It is primarily used for the Emergency Department, diagnostic and treatment space, and support space. There are 106 parking spaces associated with this building; 74 spaces on a surface parking lot; and 32 street spaces along San Jose Avenue.
- The 1912 Building has four stories above ground, is approximately 26,280 gsf, and is primarily used for hospital administration, outpatient care, diagnostic and treatment space, support space, and the chapel.
- The Monteagle Medical Center has eight stories above ground and one story below ground and is approximately 90,005 gsf which includes medical office space, outpatient care space, diagnostic and treatment space, and support space.
- The Redwood Administration Building is a portable one-story building containing approximately 2,400 gsf which is used for hospital administration.
- The Hartzell Building has two stories above ground and one story below ground and has approximately 18,506 gsf primarily used for office and educational uses for the Samuel Merritt School of Nursing.
- The Duncan Street Parking Garage is two stories above ground and contains approximately 83,370 gsf for 215 parking spaces. With the additional 114 off-street surface parking spaces on the St. Luke's Campus (described above), there are a total of 329 parking spaces on the campus.
- The one story MRI Trailer contains 1,600 gsf used for diagnostic and treatment space.

Several buildings on the Campus are connected to each other: the Hospital Tower, the 1957 Building, the 1912 Building, and the Monteagle Medical Center connect north to south through internal corridors at various levels; and the MRI Trailer is connected via an enclosed passageway to the 1912 Building.

Gradual building development at St. Luke's has occurred since 1875, when St. Luke's moved into a new facility at its present location at Valencia and Cesar Chavez Streets. Today, the oldest building remaining on the Campus is the 1912 Building. The existing St. Luke's Hospital Tower was approved in 1967 when the Planning Commission authorized a conditional use for the St. Luke's Campus (Resolution No. 6078). In 1968, a revocable encroachment permit was issued to allow a portion of San Jose Avenue (between Cesar Chavez Street and 27th Street) to be used as parking for the St. Luke's Campus. In 1971, further development was approved (Resolution No. 6714) including the construction of the Monteagle Medical Center, Duncan Street Parking Garage, and surface parking. In 2001, St. Luke's Hospital became an affiliate of Sutter Health and formally merged with CPMC in 2007.

The St. Luke's Campus is located in the RH-2 Zoning District (Residential, House, Two-Family). The RH-2 Districts are devoted to one-family and two-family houses. In some cases, group housing and institutions are found in these areas, although nonresidential uses tend to be quite limited. Hospitals and medical centers are permitted in this District with Conditional Use Authorization.

3. Surrounding Properties and Neighborhood. The St. Luke's Campus is in the greater Mission neighborhood, surrounded by the Inner Mission, Outer Mission, Glen Park, Bernal Heights, Precita Valley, Diamond Heights and Noe Valley neighborhoods. The neighborhood contains a mix of residential uses, including single-family dwellings, duplexes and small apartment buildings. Retail uses are scattered through the area, mainly on Cesar Chavez, Mission, and Valencia Streets. On Mission Street, retail stores and other commercial uses form a continuous corridor of commercial activity. Mission Street draws shoppers, customers and business clients from beyond the immediate neighborhood of the St. Luke's Campus.

There have been recent efforts to improve the streetscape and calm traffic on San Jose Avenue, Guerrero Street and Cesar Chavez Street. The Cesar Chavez Streetscape Improvement Project is an effort to re-envision Cesar Chavez Street from Hampshire Street to Guerrero Street in the Mission District, and make Cesar Chavez Street a safe, pleasant, and attractive corridor for people, bikes, and transit. The Mission District Streetscape Plan is part of the Mission District Plan, and identifies streetscape improvements to streets, sidewalks, and public spaces in the Mission District. The Mission and Valencia Green Gateway Project is an effort to implement innovative stormwater management tools along Valencia Street from Cesar Chavez Street to Mission Street, and includes pedestrian amenities and landscaping.

4. **Project Description.** The office allocation is for the St. Luke's Campus MOB, described below. For context, the overall Near-Term Projects under the LRDP, of which the St. Luke's Campus MOB is a part, are also described here. The Near-Term Projects outlined in CPMC's LRDP will

result in a five campus system with three acute care hospitals – Davies, St. Luke's, and Cathedral Hill – providing approximately 692 licensed beds and three full-service emergency departments (one at each of the acute care hospitals). The Davies Hospital North Tower was retrofitted in 2008 to remain operational to 2030. The St. Luke's Hospital will be replaced by a new hospital built on campus, adjacent to the existing hospital, followed by construction of the St. Luke's Campus MOB after the demolition of the existing Hospital Tower. The California and Pacific Campuses will remain operational as acute care hospitals until the proposed Cathedral Hill Campus Hospital is constructed and operational. Once the proposed Cathedral Hill Campus Hospital is built, as part of the Near-Term Project implementation activities, the acute care services at California and Pacific Campuses will be transferred primarily to the Cathedral Hill Campus Hospital, and the Pacific Campus's existing 2333 Buchanan Street Hospital would undergo renovation and reuse as an ambulatory care center. In the long-term, the Pacific Campus will become an outpatient center, and CPMC proposes an additional medical office building on the Davies Campus.<sup>2</sup>

This St. Luke's Campus Hospital and MOB Project is part of CPMC's LRDP to improve its delivery of citywide health care, and comply with seismic requirements of California law.

The new St. Luke's Campus Hospital and St. Luke's Campus MOB are major components of CPMC's plans to continue to provide health care services in San Francisco. The new St. Luke's Campus Hospital is being sited so that it can be built without disrupting services at the existing Hospital Tower. It is being designed, in compliance with SB 1953, to remain operational after a strong earthquake. The St. Luke's Campus Hospital will be a 120-bed<sup>3</sup> general acute care hospital with comprehensive emergency medical services, and the MOB will provide space for physicians who will be affiliated with CPMC and the campus, as well as diagnostic and treatment space and space for other outpatient care. The St. Luke's Campus Hospital and MOB Project will preserve and enhance San Francisco's health care infrastructure, particularly in the South of Market area.

Specifically, the proposal for the St. Luke's Campus Hospital includes the construction of a new 214,061 gsf, seven-story, approximately 142′-0″ tall, 120-bed full-service, acute care hospital, sited on a portion of the Campus' existing surface parking lot and over a portion of the to-be-vacated segment of San Jose Avenue that has been closed for use as a street since 1968 (and is currently used for parking for the St. Luke's Campus under an encroachment permit). Based on the

<sup>1</sup> 2333 Buchannan Street is an Existing Use under the proposed Development Agreement and is distinguished from the new construction proposed for the Long-Term Projects at the Pacific Campus. The renovation and reuse may include, but is not limited to, the following uses: outpatient care, diagnostic and treatment services, Alzheimer's residential care, medical support services such as pre- and post-ambulatory surgery, outpatient laboratory services, physical and occupational therapy, hospital administration, and cafeteria uses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Long-Term Projects at the Davies and Pacific Campuses have been evaluated at a program-level as part of CPMC's LRDP EIR. There are no pending Near-Term Projects under review for the Pacific Campus, and CPMC has not proposed any Near-Term or Long-Term Projects at the California Campus, which CPMC plans to sell after the majority of the services at that campus have been relocated to the Cathedral Hill and Pacific Campuses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> With the shift to single-patient rooms under modern hospital guidelines, newer facilities are projected to have a higher occupancy rate (about 80 percent, with variation by bed type) than with the multi-bed mode. The efficient use of beds in a multi-patient room environment is limited by a number of factors, such as the gender and diagnosis of the patients, as well as infection control and privacy concerns.

recommendations of the Blue Ribbon Panel, the new St. Luke's Campus Hospital will be sited such that the existing hospital can remain in continuous operation during the new St. Luke's Campus Hospital's construction. The St. Luke's Campus Hospital will include an expanded Emergency Department, and will include, but is not limited to, inpatient medical care, diagnostic and treatment space, surgical care, critical care, labor and delivery, and post-partum care. It will also include a cafeteria and an enclosed loading area. The St. Luke's Campus also includes Centers of Excellence in Senior and Community Health.

The Emergency Department at the St. Luke's Campus Hospital will be approximately 13,940 gsf, which is an increase of approximately 6,880 gsf over the existing Emergency Department in the 1957 Building. The new Emergency Department will be a significant improvement over the existing facility, and waiting times for patients should be reduced through the provision of all private treatment spaces. The new Emergency Department will be in the St. Luke's Campus Hospital, adjacent to Imaging Services; this adjacency will increase efficiency compared to the existing hospital where these functions exist on separate floors. There will be more support space and improved technology. Waiting time for patients should further be reduced by flexible triage space. Additionally, many of the non-emergency patient visits would be accommodated by expanding the existing Health Care Center currently operating out of the Monteagle Office Building into an urgent care center. By creating additional capacity via an urgent care center on the St. Luke's Campus, the effective combined Emergency Department and urgent care capacity would increase from about 26,000 visits per year today to approximately 31,600 visits under the LRDP.

After the St. Luke's Campus Hospital opens and once services are moved into it from the existing Hospital Tower and the 1957 Building, the existing Hospital Tower will be demolished as part of this Project. After demolition of the Hospital Tower, the new St. Luke's Campus MOB would be constructed at that site, also as part of this Project. Construction of the St. Luke's Campus MOB is expected to occur after 2020.

The existing uses in the St. Luke's 1957 Building, such as the Emergency Department, surgery, diagnostics and treatment, would be transferred to the St. Luke's Campus Hospital, and the building would be converted from acute care to support use. The MRI Trailer, and the enclosed passageway connecting it to the 1912 Building, would be removed after construction of the St. Luke's Campus MOB. The uses in the MRI Trailer would be transferred to the St. Luke's Campus Hospital or St. Luke's Campus MOB upon completion. Following demolition of the existing Tower, CPMC would then construct a new 98,9594 gsf, five-story and approximately 100′-tall St. Luke's Campus MOB approximately in the existing hospital's place. The St. Luke's Campus MOB would include medical office space for doctors admitting patients to the hospital, and would include retail, educational, and conference space, along with a four level underground garage with approximately 220 parking spaces. Vehicular access to the underground parking garage will be from Cesar Chavez and Valencia Streets.

The exterior design of the St. Luke's Campus Hospital and St. Luke's Campus MOB was developed with input from Department staff and the community. The exterior of the bases of the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This number is the Planning Department gross for the MOB. For office allocation purposes, the MOB gsf is 94,799 gsf.

St. Luke's Campus Hospital and of the St. Luke's Campus MOB will be durable (tile, stone, and brick) and will ground the buildings on the site, engaging users at the pedestrian level. The upper floors will be Glass Fiber Reinforced Concrete (GFRC) and glass. Metal panels are used for the canopy which runs along the entire east side of the St. Luke's Campus Hospital, unifying the upper and lower public plazas (described below) and creating a connection from the interior of the St. Luke's Campus Hospital to the exterior terraced plazas. The soffit of the canopy is continuous between the interior and exterior, further connecting the St. Luke's Campus Hospital to the organizing element of the Campus, the reestablished and pedestrian oriented San Jose Avenue.

The St. Luke's Campus MOB will be entitled at the same time as the hospital, but the design will continue to be refined with planning staff while the new hospital is being built since the St. Luke's Campus MOB cannot be built until the existing hospital is demolished. Once built, the new St. Luke's Campus MOB will connect internally to the St. Luke's Campus Hospital and 1957 Building.

The new St. Luke's Campus Hospital and St. Luke's Campus MOB will be organized around landscaped open space that mimics the existing San Jose Avenue alignment between Cesar Chavez Street and 27th Street. This landscaped public plaza would span two levels and would be designed to unify the Campus, mediate the site's significant grade change and provide a public pedestrian pathway along a similar path of travel as the vacated San Jose Avenue alignment. The lower (north) plaza at Cesar Chavez will front the St. Luke's Campus Hospital's cafeteria and primary entrance at the northeast corner of the building and the ground floor retail at the base of the St. Luke's Campus MOB. The upper (south) plaza will provide access to the second level of the St. Luke's Campus Hospital. Stairs against the east face of the St. Luke's Campus Hospital connect the Campus's south upper plaza at 27th Street and the north lower plaza at Cesar Chavez. A canopy will cover the drop-off area on Cesar Chavez Street and adjacent St. Luke's Campus Hospital entrance, and continue along the east face of the St. Luke's Campus Hospital along the public plaza, to provide protection in inclement weather, as is required by the California Building Code. The plazas and adjacent streetscape along Cesar Chavez are enlivened by activity at the St. Luke's Campus Hospital's lobby and conference space, a cafeteria facing the lower plaza, and by retail space within the St. Luke's Campus MOB along the Cesar Chavez frontage. All landscaping and street improvements as part of the St. Luke's Project are consistent with and complement the Cesar Chavez Streetscape Improvement Project.

Although the proposed hospital is not subject to the San Francisco Building Code and the Green Building Ordinance, CPMC has committed to "building green", and is seeking LEED Certified status for the St. Luke's Campus Hospital. The St. Luke's Campus MOB is subject to San Francisco's Green Building Ordinance, and will achieve a minimum of LEED Gold certification.

5. **Public Comment**. The Department has received substantial comments expressing support for and opposition to CPMC's LRDP, over the past 8 years since the initial EEA was submitted. Support for and opposition to CPMC's LRDP can be found in the project files at the Planning Department.

- 6. CEQA Findings. On April 26, 2012, by Motion No. 18588, the Commission certified as adequate, accurate and complete the FEIR for the LRDP Project, which includes the St. Luke's Campus Hospital and MOB Project. On May 16, 2012, an appeal of Planning Commission Motion No. 18588 certifying the FEIR was filed with the Board and on March 12, 2013, by Motion No. M13-042, the Board rejected the appeal and affirmed the decision of the Planning Commission to certify the FEIR and found the FEIR to be complete, adequate, and objective, and reflecting the independent judgment of the City in compliance with CEQA, the CEQA Guidelines and Chapter 31. On May 23, 2013, by Motion No. 18880, the Commission adopted findings, including a statement of overriding considerations and an MMRP, pursuant to CEQA. In accordance with the actions contemplated herein, the Commission has reviewed the FEIR and the Addendum, and adopts and incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein the findings, including the statement of overriding considerations, pursuant to CEQA, adopted by the Commission on May 23, 2013, in Motion No. 18880.
- 7. **Office Allocation.** Section 321 establishes standards for San Francisco's Office Development Annual Limit. In determining if the proposed Project would promote the public welfare, convenience and necessity, the Commission considered the seven criteria established by Code Section 321(b)(3), and finds as follows:
  - a. APPORTIONMENT OF OFFICE SPACE OVER THE COURSE OF THE APPROVAL PERIOD IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN A BALANCE BETWEEN ECONOMIC GROWTH ON THE ONE HAND, AND HOUSING, TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC SERVICES, ON THE OTHER.

There currently exists 2,210,169 sf of office space available for allocation to office buildings of more than 49,999 sf of office space ("Large Buildings") during this Approval Period, which ends October 16, 2013. If the Planning Commission approves the Project with up to 94,799 sf of office space, they will be simultaneously returning 99,848 sf of office space that was previously allocated through Motion No. 18595 from the 2011-2012 Annual Office Development Limitation Program. This in turn means that there would still be 2,215,218 sf of office space available for allocation. Although the Zoning Administrator has long determined that examination rooms should be exempt from this calculation since they are part of outpatient clinic space, this calculation does not exclude the exam rooms, since the exact layout of spaces has not yet been defined. This total is therefore greater than what will be the actual quantity of medical office space, less the exam rooms. On October 17, 2013, and October 17 of each succeeding year, an additional 875,000 sf of office space will become available for allocation to buildings of greater than 49,999 sf of office space.

The new St. Luke's Campus MOB is part of the overall St. Luke's Campus Hospital and MOB Project, and would support the proposed St. Luke's Campus Hospital by providing important services such as clinical and physician office space. The site of the proposed St. Luke's Campus MOB is an ideal location because of its proximity to the St. Luke's Campus Hospital, and the location in the southern part of the City where few outpatient facilities exist that are conveniently connected to the range of medical services that can be provided at the St. Luke's Campus. Additionally, existing transit routes and major vehicular thoroughfare allow convenient access to the site with travel modes appropriate for the needs of those occupying and visiting the St. Luke's

Campus MOB.

The St. Luke's Campus MOB would maintain the balance between San Francisco's economic growth, on one hand, and housing supply, transportation and public services as follows:

With respect to economic growth, the St. Luke's Campus MOB is a central component of CPMC's Near-Term Projects, which will provide substantial benefits to the City, including expanded employment opportunities for City residents at all employment levels. CPMC and the rest of the health services sector are critically important to the economic health of San Francisco. CPMC is the second largest employer in San Francisco. CPMC is estimated to employ over 6,000 people, of which about half are San Francisco residents. The St. Luke's Campus MOB is an important element of the overall project, which is necessary to maintain and expand employment in these long-term health services and support jobs. The Near-Term Projects will also provide up to approximately 400 to 500 construction jobs per year, with a maximum of up to 1,500 jobs at the peak construction period. The construction and operation of the CPMC LRDP Projects, including the St. Luke's Campus MOB, is expected to inject \$2 billion into the local economy. Additional economic development benefits of the revised CPMC LRDP Project, including the St. Luke's Campus MOB, are described in the General Plan and Planning Code Section 101.1 findings.

With respect to housing supply, the FEIR and Addendum conclude that on the basis of the 2009 Housing Element Update's analysis, any additional demand for affordable housing generated by the proposed CPMC LRDP can be accommodated by existing and planned residential growth. (C&R 3.3-11; Addendum pp. 31-32). The Near-Term Projects, including the St. Luke's Campus MOB, are institutional uses and as such are not subject to the City's Jobs-Housing Linkage Fee. Nonetheless, CPMC has committed in the Development Agreement to contributions totaling \$36.5 million toward funding the production of new affordable units and \$4.1 million, for replacement units.

Regarding transportation, the St. Luke's Campus MOB is proximate to many transit lines, and the locations of the St. Luke's Campus MOB entrance was planned taking into consideration access from existing and planned transit stops. The St. Luke's Campus design includes features intended to accommodate transit usage, such as the CPMC shuttle stop proposed on San Jose Avenue. CPMC will provide bicycle racks, bicycle parking and shower facilities for employees and staff at the St. Luke's Campus MOB. CPMC will provide parking at the St. Luke's Campus MOB, but the amount will be consistent with City policy and assumes implementation of a robust TDM Program, with appropriate parking pricing and time limitations. Parking for carpools, vanpools, and car-share vehicles will continue to provide incentives for shared vehicle trips.

CPMC's current TDM program at its existing campuses has been shown to be effective in promoting the use of public transit by its employees. Key components of the TDM program include CPMC shuttle service, rideshare promotions, pre-tax transit program, transit subsidy, flexible work schedules, car sharing, emergency ride home program, guaranteed ride home program, education and promotion, dedicated TDM coordinator, and parking fees. In addition to the TDM, CPMC would make commitments through the proposed Development Agreement to provide funding for improvements to MTA transit facilities and services.

The FEIR concluded that the St. Luke's Campus MOB would not have any significant, unavoidable impacts on public services, (See DEIR at pp. 4.11-17 to 4.11-21, 4.11-26 to 4.11-28, 4.11-31 to 4.11-32, 4.11-34 to 4.11-35, and 4.11-36 and Addendum p. 76).

Therefore, the St. Luke's Campus MOB and the allocation of square footage would provide additional resources and help maintain the balance between economic growth, housing, transportation and public services.

## b. THE CONTRIBUTION OF THE OFFICE DEVELOPMENT TO, AND ITS EFFECTS ON, THE OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES OF THE GENERAL PLAN.

The overall project, including the St. Luke's Campus MOB, is consistent with the General Plan, as discussed in Motion No. 18883. Overall, as described in more detail in Motion No. 18883, it would advance the Objectives and Policies of the Housing, Commerce and Industry, Transportation, Urban Design, and Community Safety Elements of the General Plan, and presents no significant conflicts with other elements.

#### c. THE QUALITY OF THE DESIGN OF THE PROPOSED OFFICE DEVELOPMENT.

The St. Luke's Campus MOB will replace an architecturally undistinguished 1970 hospital structure that is separated from Cesar Chavez by an open parking lot that precluded interaction of the Campus with the public realm on Cesar Chavez Street. Both the St. Luke's Campus Hospital and St. Luke's Campus MOB buildings would exceed a height of 40'-0", being approximately 142'-0" and 100-0", respectively, thereby requiring Conditional Use Authorization pursuant to Planning Code Sections 253. The St. Luke's Campus Hospital, at 142'-0", would be approximately 16'-0" shorter than the existing hospital tower. The MOB would be approximately 58'-0" shorter than the existing 158'-0" Hospital Tower, and would be in a similar location, at the corner of Valencia and Cesar Chavez Streets. The buildings have been sculpted and provide setbacks to be compatible with the scale and massing of the surrounding neighborhood. The St. Luke's Campus Hospital incorporates 17' lotline setbacks over half of the western edge of the site and a 50' setback at levels 5 and above, placing a residential height (47-60') base adjacent to the houses to the west and locating the bed tower as far to the east of the site as is feasible. The building is visually organized into three distinct volumes to further break down the apparent mass of the building. The MOB incorporates setbacks at levels 3 and 5 to step up from the lot line retail space at Cesar Chavez to the medical offices above, and is similarly organized into distinct volumes to break down the apparent mass of the building.

The St. Luke's MOB has been designed to complement the proposed St. Luke's Campus Hospital with a unified design that is compatible with the scale and materials of older buildings that constitute the remainder of the St. Luke's Campus. The design also complements both the older and newer buildings in the immediate vicinity and will blend with the boulevard treatment of Cesar Chavez Street currently planned by the City.

The exterior of the St. Luke's Campus MOB will use finishes that exist in the neighborhood. The base material will be durable (tile, stone or brick) and will ground the St. Luke's Campus MOB on the site. The upper floors, glass fiber reinforced concrete (GFRC) will be the primary material.

Medical office buildings typically have higher floor-to-floor heights than regular office buildings due to the space required to accommodate medical services. The higher floor-to-floor height at the St. Luke's Campus MOB is typical for medical office buildings. The high floor-to-floor heights are for the structural slab and beams, mechanical air distribution systems, plumbing systems, fire sprinkler systems, electrical, computer, telephone, and security systems specific to providing medical clinic services.

The St. Luke's Campus MOB has been design to target LEED Gold certification, incorporating numerous sustainable features to enhance efficiency and environmental performance. It also includes numerous streetscape improvements designed to improve the pedestrian environment, as described in additional detail in the General Plan and Planning Code Section 101.1 and St. Luke's CU/PUD findings.

Overall, the Project Sponsor has worked closely with Department staff to achieve a quality design that is appropriate for the building's immediate context and surrounding neighborhood.

d. THE SUITABILITY OF THE PROPOSED OFFICE DEVELOPMENT FOR ITS LOCATION, AND ANY EFFECTS OF THE PROPOSED OFFICE DEVELOPMENT SPECIFIC TO THAT LOCATION.

The proposed St. Luke's Campus MOB is in an excellent location due to its proximity to the proposed St. Luke's Campus Hospital. It is especially important for physicians to have offices in close proximity to a hospital in order facilitate admission of patients to the hospital and maximize physician availability. Patients also benefit from having a hospital and MOB at the same location, eliminating the need to travel to multiple locations within the City to visit a doctor or diagnostic facilities. Many hospital-based specialists and sub-specialists see patients in the outpatient setting and need offices as close to the inpatient facility as possible. Chronically, seriously ill patients, in particular, need to have proximity to multiple providers as well as both inpatient and outpatient diagnostic facilities. Additionally, it is important for OB/Gyn doctors to have offices close to the hospital in order to treat patients and deliver babies on short notice. Both for physicians and patients, proximity of physicians facilitates referrals and timely medical care.

The location of the proposed St. Luke's Campus MOB near existing transit lines and major vehicle thoroughfares allows convenient access to the building needed by a range of transportation modes.

As the St. Luke's Campus MOB is proposed on an existing medical center campus, no residential or general commercial space will be lost. The conditions of approval, including the MMRP, include various measures that are further designed to ensure that effects on the surrounding neighborhood are minimized.

Accordingly, the St. Luke's Campus MOB is appropriate at its proposed location and includes

appropriate measures to address effects on the surrounding area.

e. THE ANTICIPATED USES OF THE PROPOSED OFFICE DEVELOPMENT IN LIGHT OF EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES TO BE PROVIDED, NEEDS OF EXISTING BUSINESSES, AND THE AVAILABLE SUPPLY OF SPACE SUITABLE FOR SUCH ANTICIPATED USES.

The St. Luke's Campus MOB will provide approximately a new MOB use and approximately 2,600 sf of ground floor retail along Cesar Chavez and Valencia Streets, a 1,560 sf cafeteria and a community room on the ground floor that would be made available for public use.

Employment opportunities for private physicians and other associated staff would be available in the proposed St. Luke's Campus MOB. It would result in an increase of CPMC and non-CPMC employees at the site, and would provide a range of employment opportunities. These additional employees at the site would most likely benefit existing neighborhood serving businesses such as cafés/restaurants and other retail uses. Also, patients and visitors may patronize nearby businesses.

Similar to all other hospitals in the City, it is important to have an MOB in the immediate vicinity in order to minimize physician travel time between the inpatient and outpatient setting, as well as for the convenience of patients, especially seriously ill patients and those with limited mobility. In the vicinity of the proposed St. Luke's Campus Hospital, there is currently a lack of sufficient available medical office space suitable to meet the needs of new medical practices.

Accordingly, the St. Luke's Campus MOB is an appropriate use in terms of employment opportunities, needs of existing businesses, and availability of medical office space in the area.

f. THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT WILL BE OWNED OR OCCUPIED BY A SINGLE ENTITY.

The tenancy of the proposed St. Luke's Campus MOB would be effectively controlled by CPMC, and CPMC-affiliated physicians are intended to be the principal occupants of the building. The St. Luke's Campus MOB would be designed to accommodate a wide range of medical office uses to support the St. Luke's Campus Hospital use.

g. THE USE, IF ANY, OF TRANSFERABLE DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS ("TDR's") BY THE PROJECT SPONSOR.

*No TDR will be used for the proposed project, as it is located in the RH-2 District.* 

- 8. **General Plan Compliance.** The General Plan Consistency Findings set forth in Motion No. 18883 apply to this Motion, and are incorporated as though fully set forth herein.
- 9. **Planning Code Section 101.1(b).** The General Plan Priority Policy Findings of Planning Code Section 101.1 as set forth in Motion No. 18883 apply to this Motion, and are incorporated as though fully set forth herein.

- 10. The St. Luke's Campus Hospital and MOB Project is consistent with and would promote the general and specific purposes of the Code provided under Section 101.1(b) as outlined in Motion No. 18883 and also in that, as designed, the St. Luke's Campus MOB provides support to the St. Luke's Campus Hospital, would contribute to the healthcare delivery and emergency services in San Francisco, includes substantial economic benefits to the City during both the construction and operational phases, provides substantial other public benefits as outlined in the proposed Development Agreement, and would be compatible with the character and stability of the neighborhood, thereby constituting a beneficial development.
- 11. The Commission hereby finds that, for the reasons described above, approval of the Office Allocation would promote the health, safety and welfare of the City.

#### **DECISION**

That based upon the Record, the submissions by the Applicant, the staff of the Department and other interested parties, the oral testimony presented to this Commission at the public hearings, and all other written materials submitted by all parties, the Commission hereby APPROVES Office Allocation Application No. 2009.0886MTZCBRSK subject to the following conditions attached hereto as "EXHIBIT A" in general conformance with plans on file, dated May 06, 2013, and stamped "EXHIBIT B", which is incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth. This Motion supersedes in its entirety Motion No. 18595, adopted by the Planning Commission on April 26, 2012.

APPEAL AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF MOTION: Any aggrieved person may appeal this Office Allocation Authorization to the Board of Supervisors within thirty (30) days after the date of this Motion No. 18886. The effective date of this Motion shall be as described in Exhibit A hereto. For further information, please contact the Board of Supervisors at (415) 554-5184, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

I hereby certify that the Planning Commission ADOPTED the foregoing Motion on May 23, 2013.

Jonas P. Ionin

**Acting Commission Secretary** 

AYES:

Commisisoners Antonini, Borden, Fong, Hillis, Moore, Sugaya, Wu

NAYS:

ABSENT:

ADOPTED: May 23, 2013

### **EXHIBIT A**

#### **AUTHORIZATION**

This authorization is for an allocation of office square footage under the 2012-2013 Annual Office-Development Limitation Program for the addition of approximately 94,799 square feet of office space to the subject property, pursuant to Planning Code Sections 321 and 322, for the St. Luke's Campus MOB (for purposes of this Exhibit A only, referred to as the "Project") on Assessor's Blocks/Lots: 6575/001, 002 within the RH-2 (Residential, House, Two-Family) Zoning District, and 105-E Height and Bulk District; in general conformance with plans, dated May 06, 2013, and stamped "EXHIBIT B" included in the docket for Case No. 2009.0886MTZCBRSK and subject to conditions of approval reviewed and approved by the Commission on May 23, 2013 under Motion No. 18886. This authorization and the conditions contained herein run with the property and not with a particular Project Sponsor, business, or operator.

#### RECORDATION OF CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Prior to the issuance of the building permit or commencement of use for the Project, the Zoning Administrator shall approve and order the recordation of a Notice in the Official Records of the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco for the subject property. This Notice shall state that the Project is subject to the conditions of approval contained herein and reviewed and approved by the Planning Commission on **May 23, 2013**, under Motion No. 18886.

#### PRINTING OF CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL ON PLANS

The conditions of approval under the "EXHIBIT A" of this Planning Commission Motion No. 18886 shall be reproduced on the Index Sheet of construction plans submitted with the site or building permit application for the Project. The Index Sheet of the construction plans shall refer to the Conditional Use Authorization and any subsequent amendments or modifications.

#### **SEVERABILITY**

The Project shall comply with all City codes and requirements applicable to the Project. The term "applicable to the Project" refers to applicable laws in the Development Agreement. If any clause, sentence, section or any part of these conditions of approval is for any reason held to be invalid, such invalidity shall not affect or impair other remaining clauses, sentences, or sections of these conditions. This decision conveys no right to construct, or to receive a building permit. "Project Sponsor" shall include any subsequent responsible party.

#### **CHANGES AND MODIFICATIONS**

Changes to the approved plans may be approved administratively by the Zoning Administrator. Significant changes and modifications of conditions shall require Planning Commission approval of a new Office Allocation authorization.

#### Conditions of approval, Compliance, Monitoring, and Reporting

#### **PERFORMANCE**

1. Validity and Expiration. The authorization and right vested by virtue of this action is valid for 18 months from the effective date, as defined in Condition of Approval No. 5, as it may be extended under Condition of Approval No. 2. A building permit from the Department of Building Inspection to construct the project and/or commence the approved use must be issued as this office allocation authorization is only an approval of the proposed project and conveys no independent right to construct the project or to commence the approved use. The Planning Commission may, in a public hearing, consider the revocation of the approvals granted if a site or building permit has not been obtained within 18 months of the effective date. Once a site or building permit has been issued, construction must commence within the timeframe required by the Department of Building Inspection and be continued diligently to completion. The Commission may also consider revoking the approvals if a permit for the Project has been issued but is allowed to expire and more than 18 months have passed since the effective date.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <a href="https://www.sf-planning.org">www.sf-planning.org</a>

2. Extension. This authorization may be extended at the discretion of the Zoning Administrator only where failure to issue a permit by the Department of Building Inspection is caused by a delay by a local, State or Federal agency or by any appeal of the issuance of such permit(s). This authorization shall also be extended for the number of days equal to the period of any litigation challenging its validity.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <a href="https://www.sf-planning.org"><u>www.sf-planning.org</u></a>

3. **Mitigation Measures.** Mitigation measures described in the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program attached as Exhibit 1 to Attachment A of the CEQA Findings Motion No. 18880 (the "MMRP") and designated as applicable to St. Luke's Near Term Projects therein are necessary to avoid potential significant effects of the proposed Project and have been agreed to by the Project Sponsor. Their implementation is a condition of Project approval to the extent they are applicable to the St. Luke's Campus MOB.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <a href="https://www.sf-planning.org"><u>www.sf-planning.org</u></a>

4. Improvement Measures. Improvement measures described in the IMMRP attached as Exhibit C to Motion No. 18885, and designated as applicable to St. Luke's Near Term Projects therein are necessary to reduce the less than significant impacts of the proposed Project and have been agreed to by the Project Sponsor. Their implementation is a condition of Project approval to the extent they are applicable to the St. Luke's Campus MOB.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

#### **PROVISIONS**

5. Effective Date. This approval is contingent on and will be of no further force and effect until, the date that the ordinance approving a Development Agreement for the Project is effective and operative. References in this Exhibit A to Codes and requirements "applicable to the Project" shall refer to applicable laws in the Development Agreement.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org

#### **MONITORING - AFTER ENTITLEMENT**

6. **Enforcement.** Violation of any of the Planning Department conditions of approval contained in this Motion or of any other provisions of Planning Code applicable to the Project shall be subject to the enforcement procedures and administrative penalties set forth under Planning Code Section 176 or Section 176.1. The Planning Department may also refer the violation complaints to other city departments and agencies for appropriate enforcement action under their jurisdiction.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

7. **Revocation due to Violation of Conditions.** Should implementation of this Project result in complaints from interested property owners, residents, or commercial lessees which are not resolved by the Project Sponsor and found to be in violation of provisions of the Planning Code applicable to the Project and/or the specific conditions of approval for the Project as set forth in Exhibit A of this Motion, the Zoning Administrator shall refer such complaints to the Commission, after which it may hold a public hearing on the matter to consider revocation of this authorization.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <a href="https://www.sf-planning.org"><u>www.sf-planning.org</u></a>

#### **OPERATION**

8. **Community Liaison.** Prior to issuance of a building permit to construct the Project and implement the approved use, the Project Sponsor shall appoint a community liaison officer to deal with the issues of concern to owners and occupants of nearby properties. The Project Sponsor shall provide the Zoning Administrator with written notice of the name, business address, and telephone number of the community liaison. Should the contact information change, the Zoning Administrator shall be made aware of such change. The community liaison shall report to the Zoning Administrator what issues, if any, are of concern to the community and what issues have not been resolved by the Project Sponsor.

The community liaison will convene a community advisory group (CAG) for the purpose of conveying input to the project sponsor on its operations and providing a forum for community comment and concern. The CAG shall consist of approximately ten (10) members representing

diverse neighborhood interests such as health care providers, established neighborhood groups, resident homeowners and local merchants, and its membership is expected to change over time. Once the CAG is established, the community liaison and CAG members will agree to a regular meeting schedule, with a frequency of not less than quarterly or more than monthly. The agenda for meetings will be set jointly by the community liaison and the CAG. The community liaison will facilitate and provide logistical support for all meetings, including scheduling and providing meeting space if needed.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <a href="https://www.sf-planning.org"><u>www.sf-planning.org</u></a>

9. **Construction Management Plan.** Prior to issuance of a building permit to construct the Project and implement the approved use, the Project Sponsor shall produce a Construction Management Plan, which shall include general operating principals and commitments not otherwise included in these Conditions of Approval, along with operating principles during specific phases of work. This Plan shall be made available to the neighbors or interested parties, and a copy of said Plan shall be provided to the Department to include in the file for Case No. 2009.0886C. A draft of the Construction Management Plan shall be made available to any interested party at least 10 days before the final draft is submitted to the Planning Department.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org

10. **Hours of Operation.** The St. Luke's Campus Hospital and MOB will be generally open to the public and for visitors during the following hours of operation: Hospital: 7 days a week, 7:00a.m. to 7:00 p.m., MOB: Monday through Friday from 7:00a.m. to 7:00p.m. The Campus is open, as may be reasonably necessary, to accommodate visitors, staff, and employees of the hospital during hours outside of the standard hours of operation; the Emergency Department is open 24 hours/day, 7 days per week. The main ground floor entry to the Hospital and MOB shall remain open and accessible to the public during standard hours of operation (7:00a.m. to 7:00p.m., M-F, Hospital including Sat/Sun).

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <a href="https://www.sf-planning.org">www.sf-planning.org</a>

#### EXHIBIT 1: MITIGATION MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM

#### MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM

Monitoring/
Responsibility for Mitigation Mitigation Reporting Monitoring
Adopted Mitigation Measures Implementation Schedule Action Responsibility Schedule

## A-1 MITIGATION MEASURES AGREED TO BY PROJECT SPONSOR

#### CULTURAL AND PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES

#### M-CP-N2 (Cathedral Hill with or without Variants):

Based on a reasonable presumption that archaeological resources may be present within the project site, the following measures shall be undertaken to avoid any potentially significant adverse effects from the proposed project on buried or submerged historical resources. CPMC shall retain the services of a qualified archaeological consultant having expertise in California prehistoric and urban historical archaeology. The archaeological consultant shall undertake an archaeological testing program as specified herein. In addition, the consultant shall be available to conduct an archaeological monitoring and/or data recovery program if required pursuant to this measure. The archaeological consultant's work shall be conducted in accordance with this measure and with the requirements of the project archaeological research design and treatment plan completed for this CPMC campus site 1 at the direction of the Environmental Review Officer (ERO). In instances of inconsistency between the requirement of the project archaeological research design and treatment plan and of this archaeological mitigation measure, the requirements of this archaeological mitigation measure shall prevail. All plans and reports prepared by the consultant as specified herein shall be submitted first and directly to the ERO for review and comment and shall be considered draft reports subject to revision until final approval by the ERO. Archaeological monitoring and/or data recovery programs required by this measure could suspend construction of the proposed LRDP for up to a maximum of 4 weeks. At the direction of the ERO, the suspension of construction can be extended beyond 4 weeks only if such a suspension is the only feasible means to reduce to a less-than-significant level potential

Project Sponsor I

Prior to issuance of grading or building permits. Project Sponsor to retain archaeological consultant to undertake archaeological monitoring program in consultation with

ERO.

Project sponsor, archaeologist and ERO.

Project Sponsor retains a qualified archaeological consultant.

Complete when

This refers to individual archaeological research design/treatment plans prepared by Archeo-Tec and AECOM for the CPMC LRDP in January 2010 and June 2010. Separate plans were prepared for the Cathedral Hill Campus, Pacific Campus, Davies Campus, and St. Luke's Campus. Each of these plans is on file with the Planning Department, 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400, San Francisco, CA 94103 in Case No. 2005.0555E.

MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM

		MOMITORIA	O AND REI ONTH		
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
effects on a significant archaeological resource, as defined in the State CEQA Guidelines, Section 15064.5(a)(c).					
Archaeological Testing Program. The archaeological consultant shall prepare and submit to the ERO for review and approval an archaeological testing plan (ATP). The archaeological testing program shall be conducted in accordance with the approved ATP. The ATP shall identify the property types of the expected archaeological resource(s) that could	Project Sponsor/Archaeolo gical consultant, at the direction of the ERO.	Prior to any soil- disturbing activities on the project site.	Prepare and submit draft ATP.	Archaeological consultant and ERO.	After consultation with and approval by ERO of ATP.
be adversely affected by the proposed LRDP, the testing method to be used, and the locations recommended for testing. The purpose of the archaeological testing program will be to determine, to the extent possible, the presence or absence of archaeological resources and to identify and evaluate whether any archaeological resource encountered on the site constitutes a historical resource under CEQA.			Implement ATP.		Considered complete on finding by ERO that ATP implemented.
At the completion of the archaeological testing program, the archaeological consultant shall submit a written report of the findings to the ERO. If, based on the archaeological testing program, the consultant finds that significant archaeological resources may be present, the ERO in consultation with the consultant shall determine whether additional measures are warranted. Additional measures that may be undertaken include additional archaeological testing, archaeological monitoring, and/or an archaeological data recovery program. If the ERO determines that a significant archaeological resource is present and that the resource could be adversely affected by the proposed LRDP, at the discretion of CPMC either (a) the proposed LRDP shall be redesigned so as to avoid any adverse effect on the significant archaeological resource; or (b) a data recovery program shall be implemented unless the ERO determines that the archaeological resource is of greater interpretive than research significance and that interpretive use of the resource is feasible.	Project Sponsor/Archaeolo gical consultant, at the direction of the ERO.		Submit report to ERO of the findings of the ATP.	Archaeological consultant and ERO.	Considered complete on submittal to ERO of report on ATP findings.
Archaeological Monitoring Program. If the ERO in consultation with the archaeological consultant determines that an archaeological monitoring program shall be implemented, the archaeological monitoring program shall, at a minimum, include the following provisions:	Project Sponsor/ Archaeological Consultant,/ Archaeological	ERO & Archaeological Consultant meet prior to	Implement AMP.	Archaeological consultant and ERO.	Considered complete on findings by ERO that AMP
The archaeological consultant, CPMC, and ERO shall meet and consult on the scope of the AMP reasonably prior to commencement of any project-related soil-disturbing activities. The ERO in consultation with the archaeological consultant shall determine what project activities shall be archaeologically monitored. In most cases,	Monitor/Contractor (s), at the direction of the ERO. commencement of soil-disturbing activity. If ERO determines that an AMP is		commencement of soil-disturbing activity. If ERO determines that		implemented.

MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM

			Monitoring/			
	Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
	any soil-disturbing activities, such as demolition, foundation removal, excavation, grading, utilities installation, foundation work, driving of piles (foundation, shoring, etc.), site remediation, etc., shall require archaeological monitoring because of the risk these activities pose to potential archaeological resources and to their depositional context.		necessary, monitor throughout all soil-disturbing activities.			
•	The archaeological consultant shall advise all project contractors to be alert for evidence of the presence of the expected resource(s), of how to identify the evidence of the expected resource(s), and of the appropriate protocol in the event of apparent discovery of an archaeological resource.	Archaeological consultant.		Advises project contractor(s)		
•	The archaeological monitor(s) shall be present on the project site according to a schedule agreed upon by the archaeological consultant and the ERO until the ERO has, in consultation with the consultant, determined that project construction activities could have no effects on significant archaeological deposits.					
•	The archaeological monitor shall record and be authorized to collect soil samples and artifactual/ecofactual material as warranted for analysis.					
•	If an intact archaeological deposit is encountered, all soil-disturbing activities in the vicinity of the deposit shall cease. The archaeological monitor shall be empowered to temporarily redirect demolition/excavation/pile-driving/construction activities_and equipment until the deposit is evaluated. If, in the case of pile-driving activity (foundation, shoring, etc.), the archaeological monitor has cause to believe that the pile driving may affect an archaeological resource, the pile-driving activity shall be terminated until an appropriate evaluation of the resource has been made in consultation with the ERO. The archaeological consultant shall immediately notify the ERO of the encountered archaeological deposit. The archaeological consultant shall make a reasonable effort to assess the identity, integrity, and significance of the encountered archaeological deposit, and to present the findings of this assessment to the ERO.	Archaeological consultant.		Notify ERO if intact archaeological deposit is encountered.		
Wh arcl	ether or not significant archaeological resources are encountered, the naeological consultant shall submit a written report of the findings of					

		MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM			
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
the monitoring program to the ERO.					
Archaeological Data Recovery Program. The archaeological data recovery program shall be conducted in accordance with an archaeological data recovery plan (ADRP). The archaeological consultant, CPMC, and ERO shall meet and consult on the scope of the ADRP prior to preparation of a draft ADRP. The archaeological consultant shall submit a draft ADRP to the ERO. The ADRP shall identify how the proposed data recovery program will preserve the significant information that the archaeological resource is expected to contain (i.e., the ADRP will identify what scientific/historical research questions are applicable to the expected resource, what data classes the resource is expected to possess, and how the expected data classes would address the applicable research questions). Data recovery, in general, should be limited to the portions of the historical property that could be adversely affected by the proposed LRDP. Destructive data recovery methods shall not be applied to portions of the archaeological resources if nondestructive methods are practical.	Archaeological consultant at the direction of the ERO.	If there is determination by the ERO than an ADR program is required.	Prepare an ARDP	Archaeological consultant and ERO.	Considered complete on finding by ERO that ARDP implemented.
The scope of the ADRP shall include the following elements:					
<ul> <li>Field Methods and Procedures. Descriptions of proposed field strategies, procedures, and operations.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Cataloguing and Laboratory Analysis. Description of selected cataloguing system and artifact analysis procedures.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Discard and Deaccession Policy. Description of and rationale for field and post-field discard and deaccession policies.</li> </ul>					
► Interpretive Program. Consideration of an on-site/off-site public interpretive program during the course of the archaeological data recovery program.					
Security Measures. Recommended security measures to protect the archaeological resource from vandalism, looting, and unintentionally damaging activities.					
► <i>Final Report</i> . Description of proposed report format and distribution of results.					
► Curation. Description of the procedures and recommendations for the curation of any recovered data having potential research value,					

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
identification of appropriate curation facilities, and a summary of the accession policies of the curation facilities.					
Human Remains and Associated or Unassociated Funerary Objects. The treatment of human remains and of associated or unassociated funerary objects discovered during any soil-disturbing activity shall comply with applicable federal and state laws. This shall include immediate notification of the county coroner of the City and County of San Francisco and, in the event of the coroner's determination that the human remains are Native American remains, notification of the NAHC, which shall appoint an MLD (PRC Section 5097.98). The archaeological consultant, CPMC, and MLD shall make all reasonable efforts to develop an agreement for the treatment of, with appropriate dignity, human remains and associated or unassociated funerary objects (State CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.5[d]). The agreement should take into consideration the appropriate excavation, removal, recordation, analysis, custodianship, curation, and final disposition of the human remains and associated or unassociated funerary objects.	Project Sponsor/Archaeolo gical consultant in consultation with the San Francisco Coroner, NAHC, and MLD.	In the event human remains and/or funerary objects are encountered.	Contact San Francisco County Coroner. Implement regulatory requirements, if applicable, regarding discovery of Native American human remains and associated/unassoci ated funerary objects.	Archaeological consultant and ERO.	Considered complete on notification of the San Francisco County Coroner and NAHC, if necessary.
Chinese and Japanese Archaeological Sites. In the event of discovery of a potentially CRHR-eligible Overseas Chinese or Japanese archaeological deposit, the appropriate descendent representative organization, that is, the Chinese Historic Society of America or the National Japanese American Historical Society, shall be notified and shall be allowed the opportunity to monitor and advise further mitigation efforts, including archaeological identification, evaluation, interpretation, and public interpretive efforts.	Project Sponsor/ Archaeological consultant in consultation with Chinese Historic Society of America or National Japanese American Historical Society.	archaeological	Contact Chinese Historic Society of America or National Japanese American Historical Society and implement any further mitigation advised.	Archaeological consultant and ERO.	Considered complete upon notification of appropriate organization and implementation of any further mitigation advised.
Final Archaeological Resources Report. The archaeological consultant shall submit a draft final archaeological resources report (FARR) to the ERO that evaluates the historical significance of any discovered archaeological resource and describes the archaeological and historical research methods employed in the archaeological testing/monitoring/data recovery program(s) undertaken. Information that may put any archaeological resource at risk shall be provided in a separate removable insert within the final report.	Project Sponsor/Archaeolo gical consultant at the direction of the ERO.	After completion of archaeological data recovery, inventorying, analysis, and interpretation.		Archaeological consultant and ERO.	Considered complete on submittal of FARR.
Once approved by the ERO, copies of the FARR shall be distributed as follows: California Archaeological Site Survey Northwest Information	Archaeological consultant at the	Written certification	Distribute FARR.	Archaeological consultant and	Considered complete on

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Center (NWIC) shall receive one copy, and the ERO shall receive one copy of the transmittal of the FARR to the NWIC. The Major Environmental Analysis Division (MEA) of the Planning Department shall receive two copies (bound and unbound) of the FARR and one unlocked, searchable PDF copy on a compact disk. MEA shall receive a copy of any formal site recordation forms (California Department of Parks and Recreation Form 523 series) and/or documentation for nomination to NRHP/CRHR. In instances of high public interest in or high interpretive value of the resource, the ERO may require a different final report content, format, and distribution than that presented above.	direction of the ERO.	submitted to ERO that required FARR distribution has been completed.		ERO.	distribution of FARR.	
Mitigation Measure M-CP-N2 (Davies [near-term] and St. Luke's with			a 1. an 1.	G M CD MA		
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure M-CP-N2 for the Cathedral Hill Campus.	See M-CP-N2	See M-CP-N2	See M-CP-N2	See M-CP-N2	See M-CP-N2	
Mitigation Measure M-CP-N3 (Cathedral Hill and St. Luke's with or wi	thout variants and D	avies [near-term])				
For each of the CPMC campuses where earthmoving activities would occur in the Colma Formation, slope debris and ravine fill sediments, and older native sediments (as identified in the applicable geotechnical reports for each campus), CPMC shall implement the following measures:						
<ul> <li>Before the start of any earthmoving activities, CPMC shall retain a qualified paleontologist or archaeologist to train all construction personnel involved with earthmoving activities, including the site superintendent, regarding the possibility of encountering fossils, the appearance and types of fossils likely to be seen during construction, and proper notification procedures should fossils be encountered.</li> </ul>	Project Sponsor/Paleontolo gical or Archaeological Consultant	Prior to soil disturbing activities.	Train construction personnel regarding possibility of encountering fossils.	Paleontological or Archaeological Consultant and ERO	Considered complete once training is held.	
<ul> <li>If paleontological resources are discovered during earthmoving activities, the construction crew shall immediately cease work near the find and notify CPMC and the San Francisco Planning Department. CPMC shall retain a qualified paleontologist to evaluate the resource and prepare a recovery plan in accordance with SVP guidelines.<sup>2</sup> The recovery plan may include a field survey, construction monitoring, sampling and data recovery</li> </ul>	Sponsor/Paleontolo gical Consultant	During soil disturbing activities.	Project Sponsor to retain Paleontological Consultant if paleontological resources are	Paleontological Consultant and ERO.	Considered complete upon implementation of recovery plan and approval by ERO.	

Society of Vertebrate Paleontology. 1996. Conditions of Receivership for Paleontologic Salvage Collections (final draft). *Society of Vertebrate Paleontology News Bulletin* 166:31–32.

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	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
procedures, museum storage coordination for any specimen recovered, and a report of findings. Recommendations in the recovery plan that are determined by the City to be necessary and feasible shall be implemented before construction activities can resume at the site where the paleontological resources were discovered.			found. The paleontologist to evaluate and prepare a recovery plan, and		
Mitigation Measure M-CP-N4 (Cathedral Hill, Davies (near-term) and St. Luke's)					
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure M-CP-N2,	See M-CP-N2	See M-CP-N2	See M-CP-N2	See M-CP-N2	See M-CP-N2

#### TRANSPORTATION AND CIRCULATION

above.

#### Mitigation Measure MM-TR-29 (Cathedral Hill)

CPMC shall ensure that the transit delay impact related to the Cathedral Hill Campus project on the 49-Van Ness-Mission is reduced to a less-than-significant level by financially compensating the SFMTA for the cost of providing the service needed to accommodate the project at proposed levels of service. The financial contribution shall be calculated and applied in a manner that is consistent with the SFMTA cost/scheduling model. The amount and schedule for payment and commitment to application of service needs shall be set forth in a Transit Mitigation Agreement between CPMC and SFMTA.

Project Sponsor	Prior to issuar of grading or building perm

# r to issuance Project Sponsor to Frading or enter into Transit a Mitigation Agreement regarding financial compensation to SFMTA for cost of providing service needed to accommodate project at proposed

## Project Sponsor and SFMTA com Trar Miti Agree final by C SFM

Considered complete when Transit Mitigation Agreement is final and signed by CPMC and SFMTA and payment is made.

MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM

	Monitoring/				
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
			levels of service.		
Mitigation Measure MM-TR-30 (Cathedral Hill)  CPMC shall ensure that the transit delay impact related to the Cathedral Hill Campus project on the 38/38L-Geary is reduced to a less-than-significant level by financially compensating the SFMTA for the cost of providing the service needed to accommodate the project at proposed levels of service. The financial contribution shall be calculated and applied in a manner that is consistent with the SFMTA cost/scheduling model. The amount and schedule for payment and commitment to application of service needs shall be set forth in a Transit Mitigation Agreement between CPMC and SFMTA.	Project Sponsor	Prior to issuance of grading or building permits.	Project Sponsor to enter into Transit Mitigation Agreement regarding financial compensation SFMTA for cost of providing service needed to accommodate project at proposed levels of service.	Project Sponsor and SFMTA	Considered complete when Transit Mitigation Agreement is final and signed by CPMC and SFMTA and payment is made.
Mitigation Measure MM-TR-31 (Cathedral Hill)  CPMC shall ensure that the transit delay impact related to the Cathedral Hill Campus project on the 19-Polk is reduced to a less-than-significant level by financially compensating the SFMTA for the cost of providing the service needed to accommodate the project at proposed levels of service. The financial contribution shall be calculated and applied in a manner that is consistent with the SFMTA cost/scheduling model. The amount and schedule for payment and commitment to application of service needs shall be set forth in a Transit Mitigation Agreement between CPMC and SFMTA.	Project Sponsor	Prior to issuance of grading or building permits.	Project Sponsor to enter into Transit Mitigation Agreement regarding financial compensation to SFMTA for cost of providing service needed to accommodate project at proposed levels of service.	Project Sponsor and SFMTA	Considered complete when Transit Mitigation Agreement is final and signed by CPMC and SFMTA and payment is made.
Mitigation Measure MM-TR-44 (Cathedral Hill): Loading Dock Restrict To minimize the potential disruptions to intersections operations and safety, CPMC shall schedule delivery trucks longer than 46 feet in length to only arrive and depart between 10 p.m. and 5 a.m., when traffic	Project Sponsor	Monitoring and documentation during 6 months	Project Sponsor to monitor and document truck	Project Sponsor, ERO, and SFMTA	Monitoring and documentation considered

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
volumes on Franklin Street are lower and when there would be a less likely chance that queues would form behind the truck and extend into adjacent intersections. Because some disruption may still occur between 10 p.m. and midnight, CPMC shall monitor and document truck deliveries occurring between 10 p.m. and midnight for a period of 6 months following full building occupancy/program implementation, recording truck size, number of lanes blocked by delivery trucks and for how long, and whether operations at the intersection of Franklin/Geary are temporarily affected and for how long. CPMC shall submit the truck loading report to the Planning Department and SFMTA. Based on the truck loading report and review, the deliveries by trucks longer than 46 feet in length may be modified. An attendant at the loading dock shall also be present to stop on-coming traffic while delivery trucks maneuver into the service loading area.		following full building occupancy/program implementation. Attendant to be present during operations.	deliveries between 10 p.m. and 6 a.m. and prepare truck loading report. Schedule restriction on trucks longer than 46 feet. Attendant to be present to stop oncoming traffic while delivery trucks maneuver into loading area.		complete on finding by ERO and SFMTA that the truck loading report is final. Schedule restriction on trucks longer than 46 feet considered ongoing during project operations, subject to modificiation after review of truck loading report. Attendant considered ongoing during operations,
Mitigation Measure TR-55 (Cathedral Hill)	D: C	D.:	D: C	D: 4 C	D1
CPMC shall develop and implement a Construction Transportation Management Plan (TMP) to anticipate and minimize impacts of various construction activities associated with the Proposed Project.	Project Sponsor	Prior to and during construction.	during develop and	Project Sponsor, ERO, SFDPW, and SFMTA	Development of Construction TMP considered complete upon
The Plan would disseminate appropriate information to contractors and affected agencies with respect to coordinating construction activities to minimize overall disruptions and ensure that overall circulation is maintained to the extent possible, with particular focus on ensuring pedestrian, transit, and bicycle connectivity. The program would supplement and expand, rather than modify or supersede, any manual, regulations, or provisions set forth by Caltrans, SFMTA, DPW, or other City departments and agencies.					review and approval. Implementation of Construction TMP considered complete upon completion of construction.
Specifically, the plan should:					
Identify construction traffic management best practices in San Francisco,					

MUNITURING AND REPURTING PROGRAM							
	Monitoring/						
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Implementation	Schedule	Action	Responsibility	Schedule			

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#### **Adopted Mitigation Measures**

as well as others that, although not being implemented in the City, could provide valuable information for the project. Management practices include, but are not limited to

- Identifying ways to reduce construction worker vehicle trips through transportation demand management programs and methods to manage construction work parking demands.
- Identifying best practices for accommodating pedestrians, such as temporary pedestrian wayfinding signage or temporary walkways.
- Identifying ways to accommodate transit stops located at sidewalks slated for closure during construction. This may include identifying locations for temporary bus stops, as well as signage directing riders to those temporary stops.
- Identifying ways to consolidate truck delivery trips, including a plan to consolidate deliveries from a centralized construction material and equipment storage facility.
- Identifying best practices for managing traffic flows on Van Ness
   Avenue during the nighttime hours for the period when tunnel
   construction would involve surface construction activities. This may
   include coordination with Caltrans on appropriate traffic
   management practices and lane closure procedures.

Describe procedures required by different departments and/or agencies in the city for implementation of a Construction TMP, such as reviewing agencies, approval processes, and estimated timelines. For example,

• CPMC shall coordinate temporary and permanent changes to the transportation network within the City of San Francisco, including traffic, street and parking changes and lane closures, with the SFMTA. Any permanent changes may require meeting with the SFMTA Board of Directors or one of its sub-Committees. This may require a public hearing. Temporary traffic and transportation changes must be coordinated through the SFMTA's Interdepartmental Staff Committee on Traffic and Transportation (ISCOTT) and would require a public meeting. As part of this process, the Construction Plan may be reviewed by SFMTA's Transportation Advisory Committee (TASC) to resolve internal differences between different transportation modes.

## MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM Monitoring/

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Caltrans Deputy Directive 60 (DD-60) requires TMP and
contingency plans for all state highway activities. These plans
should be part of the normal project development process and must
be considered during the planning stage to allow for the proper cost,
scope and scheduling of the TMP activities on Caltrans right-ofway. These plans should adhere to Caltrans standards and guidelines
for stage construction, construction signage, traffic handling, lane
and ramp closures and TMP documentation for all work within
Caltrans right-of-way.

Require consultation with other Agencies, including Muni/SFMTA and property owners on Cedar Street, to assist coordination of construction traffic management strategies as they relate to bus-only lanes and service delivery on Cedar Street. CPMC should proactively coordinate with these groups prior to developing their Plan to ensure the needs of the other users on the blocks addressed within the construction TMP for the project.

Identify construction traffic management strategies and other elements for the project, and present a cohesive program of operational and demand management strategies designed to maintain acceptable levels of traffic flow during periods of construction activities. These include, but are not limited to, construction strategies, demand management activities, alternative route strategies, and public information strategies.

Develop a public information plan to provide adjacent residents and businesses with regularly-updated information regarding project construction, including construction activities, peak construction vehicle activities (e.g., concrete pours), travel lane closures, and other lane closures.

The Construction Transportation Management Plan shall be submitted to SFMTA, SFDPW, and the Planning Department for review and approval.

Mitigation Measure MM-TR-134 (Cathedral Hill)

		MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM Monitoring/			
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
CPMC shall ensure that the transit delay impact related to the Cathedral Hill Campus project on the 47-Van Ness is reduced to a less-than-significant level by financially compensating the SFMTA for the cost of providing the additional service needed to accommodate the project at proposed levels of service. The financial contribution shall be calculated and applied in a manner that is consistent with the SFMTA cost/scheduling model. The amount and schedule for payment and commitment to application of service needs shall be set forth in a Transit Mitigation Agreement between CPMC and SFMTA.	Project Sponsor	Prior to issuance of grading or building permits.	Project Sponsor to enter into Transit Mitigation Agreement regarding financial compensation to SFMTA for cost of providing service needed to accommodate project at proposed levels of service.	Project Sponsor and SFMTA	Considered complete when Transit Mitigation Agreement is final and signed by CPMC and SFMTA and payment is made.
Mitigation Measure MM-TR-137 (Cathedral Hill)	D :	D	D : (C	D : G	
CPMC shall ensure that the transit delay impact related to the Cathedral Hill Campus project on the 3-Jackson is reduced to a less-than-significant level by financially compensating the SFMTA for the cost of providing the service needed to accommodate the project at proposed levels of service. The financial contribution shall be calculated and applied in a manner that is consistent with the SFMTA cost/scheduling model. The amount and schedule for payment and commitment to application of service needs shall be set forth in a Transit Mitigation Agreement between CPMC and SFMTA.	Project Sponsor	Prior to issuance of grading or building permits.	Project Sponsor to enter into Transit Mitigation Agreement regarding financial compensation to SFMTA for cost of providing service needed to accommodate project at proposed levels of service.	Project Sponsor and SFMTA	Considered complete when Transit Mitigation Agreement is final and signed by CPMC and SFMTA and payment is made.
NOISE					
Mitigation Measure M-NO-N1a (Cathedral Hill)	Duoinat	Dunin a	Duningst	Duningt	Canaidanad
CPMC shall minimize the impacts of construction noise where feasible by implementing the measures listed below in accordance with the San Francisco Noise Control Ordinance. These measures shall be required in each contract agreed to between CPMC and a contractor under the LRDP and shall be applied to all projects and programs covered by the CPMC LRDP EIR.  • Construction equipment shall be properly maintained in accordance	Project Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s)	During construction	Project Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s) to implement specified measures to minimize impacts of construction noise where feasible.	Project Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s); Department of Public Works (work within the public right-of- way); Department of Building	Considered complete upon receipt of final monitoring report at completion of construction.

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM  Monitoring/				
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
with manufacturers' specifications and shall be fitted with the best available noise suppression devices (e.g., mufflers, silencers, wraps) All hand-operated impact tools shall be shrouded or shielded, and all intake and exhaust ports on power equipment shall be muffled or shielded.				Inspection (work within CPMC-owned project sites).	
<ul> <li>Construction equipment shall not idle for extended periods (no more than 5 minutes) of time near noise-sensitive receptors.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Stationary equipment (compressors, generators, and cement mixers) shall be located as far from sensitive receptors as feasible. Sound attenuating devices shall be placed adjacent to individual pieces of stationary source equipment located within 100 feet of sensitive receptors during noisy operations to prevent line-of-sight to such receptors, where feasible.</li> </ul>					
• Temporary barriers (noise blankets or wood paneling) shall be placed around the construction site parcels and, to the extent feasible, they should break the line of sight from noise sensitive receptors to construction activities. If the use of heavy construction equipment is occurring on-site within 110 feet of an adjacent sensitive receptor, the temporary barrier located between source and sensitive receptor shall be no less than 10 feet in height. For all other distances greater than 110 feet from source to receptor, the temporary noise barrier shall be no less than 8 feet in height. For temporary sound blankets, the material shall be weather and abuse resistant, and shall exhibit superior hanging and tear strength with a surface weight of at least 1 pound per square foot. Procedures for the placement, orientation, size, and density of acoustical barriers shall be reviewed and approved by a qualified acoustical consultant.					
When temporary barrier units are joined together, the mating surfaces shall be flush with each other. Gaps between barrier units, and between the bottom edge of the barrier panels and the ground, shall be closed with material that would completely close the gaps, and would be dense enough to attenuate noise.					
Mitigation Measure M-NO-N1b (Cathedral Hill)					
A community liaison shall be designated by CPMC. The community liaison shall be available to manage and respond to noise complaints from	Project Sponsor	During demolition, excavation, and	Project Sponsor to retain community liaison who will (1)	Department of Public Works (work within the	Considered complete upon receipt of final

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM Monitoring/				
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
nearby sensitive receptors. The community liaison shall keep a log of all relevant and appropriate complaints and responses to those complaints through a website that can be accessed and viewed by the public. The log or a copy of the log shall also be available upon request to any affected citizen or their representative. The community liaison shall produce a weekly and six-week schedule of construction operations and shall provide this schedule in advance and upon request to any affected citizens or their representatives. Contact information for the community liaison shall be posted in a location that is clearly visible to the nearby receptors most likely to be disturbed. The community liaison shall be responsible for ensuring that reoccurring noise complaints are evaluated by a qualified acoustical consultant to determine and implement appropriate noise control measures that would be taken to meet applicable standards. The community liaison shall contact nearby noise-sensitive receptors and shall advise them of the construction schedule.		construction	manage and respond to noise complaints (2) log all complains and responses (3) prepare weekly and six-week schedule of construction operations and (4) ensure that reoccurring noise complaints are evaluated by qualified acoustical consultant to determine and implement appropriate noise control measures.	public right-of- way); Department of Building Inspection (work within CPMC- owned project sites); Project Sponsor and ERO	monitoring report at completion of construction.
<ul> <li>Mitigation Measure M-NO-N1c (Cathedral Hill)</li> <li>A construction noise management plan shall be prepared by a qualified acoustical consultant. The noise management plan shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following tasks:</li> <li>A detailed evaluation of nighttime tunnel construction at noise-sensitive receptors shall be prepared. The evaluation shall include calculations of construction noise levels based on detailed information regarding construction methods and duration. If it is determined that construction noise levels would exceed City noise ordinance standards, a qualified acoustical consultant shall review and approve additional mitigation measures to minimize prolonged sleep disturbance (e.g., using acoustical treatments to existing buildings, such as upgraded weatherstripping or determining the feasibility of constructing a cantilevered overhang along temporary barriers around the construction area to reduce construction noise levels at elevated receptors). Long-term (24-hour) and short-term (15-minute) noise measurements shall be conducted at ground level and elevated locations to represent the noise exposure of noise-</li> </ul>	Project Sponsor/Acoustical Consultant	Prior to and during demolition, excavation, and construction	Project Sponsor to retain Acoustical Consultant to prepare and implement a construction noise management plan.	Project Sponsor/Acoustical Consultant and ERO.	Considered complete upon receipt of final monitoring report at completion of construction.

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sensitive receptors adjacent to the construction area. The measurements shall be conducted for at least 1 week during the onset of each of the following major phases of construction: demolition, excavation, and structural steel erection. Measurements shall be conducted during both daytime and nighttime hours of construction, with observations and recordings to document combined noise sources and maximum noise levels of individual pieces of equipment. If noise levels from construction activities are found to exceed City standards (daytime [80 dB at a distance of 100 feet] or nighttime [5 dB over ambient]) and result in complaints that are lodged with the community liaison, additional noise mitigation measures shall be identified. These measures shall be prepared by the qualified acoustical consultant. These measures shall identify the noise level exceedance created by construction activities and identify the anticipated noise level reduction with implementation of mitigation. These measures may include, among other things, additional temporary noise barriers at either the source or the receptor; operational restrictions on construction hours or on heavy construction equipment where feasible; temporary enclosures to shield receptors from the continuous engine noise of delivery trucks during offloads (e.g., concrete pump trucks during foundation work); or lining temporary noise barriers with sound absorbing materials. Measures such as these have been demonstrated to be effective in keeping construction noise levels within 80 dB at a distance of 100 feet.

**Adopted Mitigation Measures** 

#### Mitigation Measure M-NO-N1 (Davies [near-term])

This mitigation measure is similar to Mitigation Measures M-NO-N1a, M-NO-N1b, and M-NO-N1c for the Cathedral Hill Campus but differs in that evaluation of interior construction noise levels at on-site receptors by a qualified acoustical consultant shall be required if the number of complaints to the community liaison becomes excessive and warrants further action.

See M-NO-N1a. M-NO-N1b, and M-NO-N1c.

See M-NO-N1a. See M-NO-N1a. M-NO-N1b, and M-NO-N1b, and M-NO-N1c.

M-NO-N1c.

See M-NO-N1a. See M-NO-N1a. M-NO-N1b, and M-NO-N1c. ERO shall review logs provided by community liaison to determine whether number of complaints warrant further action.

M-NO-N1b, and M-NO-N1c.

Mitigation Measure M-NO-N1 (St. Luke's Campus with or without Variants)

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Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measures M-NO-N1a, M-NO-N1b, and M-NO-N1c for the Cathedral Hill Campus.	See M-NO-N1a, M-NO-N1b, and M-NO-N1c.	See M-NO-N1a, M-NO-N1b, and M-NO-N1c.	See M-NO-N1a, M-NO-N1b, and M-NO-N1c.	See M-NO-N1a, M-NO-N1b, and M-NO-N1c.	See M-NO-N1a, M-NO-N1b, and M-NO-N1c.
Mitigation Measure M-NO-N3a (Cathedral Hill Campus)					
CPMC shall retain the services of a qualified acoustical consultant to measure the sound levels of operating exterior equipment within 30 days after installation. If exterior equipment meets daytime and nighttime sound level standards, no further action is required. If exterior equipment does not meet sound level standards, CPMC shall replace and/or redesign the exterior equipment to meet the City's noise standards. Results of the measurements shall be provided to the Hospital Facilities Management/Engineering and the City to show compliance with standards.	Project Sponsor/Acoustical Consultant	Measurement of sound levels within 30 days after installation of exterior equipment.	Project Sponsor/Acoustical Consultant to measure sound levels of exterior equipment and replace and/or redesign if it exceeds sound level standards.	Consultant, Hospital Facilities Management/Engin eering, and Department of Building Inspection	DBI review and approval of
Mitigation Measure M-NO-N3b (Cathedral Hill Campus with or without					
Bay doors [forthe loading dock on Franklin Street] shall be required to be closed during Aduromed operations, to the extent feasible.	Project Sponsor	During operations.	Project Sponsor to close bay doors during Aduromed operations.	Project Sponsor; ERO	Considered ongoing during project operations.
Mitigation Measure M-NO-N3c (Cathedral Hill Campus with or without					
In the event that it is determined to be infeasible for bay doors to be closed during Aduromed operation, a noise-absorptive material shall be applied (prior to initiation of Aduromed operations with open bay doors) to the entire ceiling structure of the loading dock area to reduce noise levels from Aduromed operations. The material shall have a minimum Noise Reduction Coefficient of 0.75.	Project Sponsor	Prior to operation.	Project Sponsor to apply noise- absorptive material to entire ceiling structure of loading area.	Project Sponsor and DBI.	Considered complete upon DBI's review and acceptance of noise absorptive material.
Mitigation Measure M-NO-N3d (Cathedral Hill Campus with or without					
Noise attenuators shall be included on kitchen exhaust fans located on Level 5 of the Cathedral Hill Hospital adjacent to patient rooms, or the sound power levels of the exhaust fans shall be limited. Hospital Facilities Management/Engineering shall review the effectiveness of attenuators.	Project Sponsor	Prior to operation.	Project Sponsor to install noise attenuators on kitchen exhaust fans on Level 5 of Cathedral Hill Hospital.	Project Sponsor and Hospital Facilities Management/Engin eering; OSHPD (interior noise standards within the hospital are governed by	Considered complete upon ERO confirmation of issuance of OSHPD permit

		MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM Monitoring/			
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				OSHPD standards). ERO shall review to confirm issuance of a duly reviewed OSHPD permit.	
Mitigation Measure M-NO-N3e (Cathedral Hill Campus)					
Delivery of oxygen to the proposed Cathedral Hill Campus shall not be scheduled during hours when church activities are typically taking place. Communication shall be established between the adjacent churches and CPMC, and a mutually acceptable time for delivery of oxygen shall be determined.	Project Sponsor	During operations.	Project Sponsor to establish communication between churches adjacent to the oxygen delivery area to determine acceptable time for delivery.	Project Sponsor; ERO	Considered ongoing during project operations.
Mitigation Measure M-NO-N3 (Davies [near-term])					
CPMC shall retain the services of a qualified acoustical consultant to conduct an additional site-specific noise study to evaluate and establish the appropriate ambient noise levels at the Davies Campus for purposes of a detailed HVAC and emergency generator noise reduction analysis. The recommendations of the acoustical consultant shall include specific equipment design and operations measures to reduce HVAC and emergency generator noise to acceptable levels for exterior and interior noise levels as specified in the San Francisco Noise Control Ordinance.	Project Sponsor/Acoustical Consultant	Prior to operation.	Project Sponsor to retain Acoustical Consultant to conduct an additional site- specific noise study at the Davies Campus.	Project Sponsor and ERO.	Considered complete upon finding by ERO that site-specific noise study finalized and recommendation is implemented.
Mitigation Measure M-NO-N3 (St. Luke's Campus)					
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure M-NO-N3 for the Davies Campus and Mitigation Measure M-NO-N3a for the Cathedral Hill Campus.	See M-NO-N3 for Davies and M-NO- N3a for Cathedral Hill.	See M-NO-N3 for Davies and M-NO-N3a for Cathedral Hill.	See M-NO-N3 for Daviesand M-NO- N3a for Cathedral Hill.	See M-NO-N3 for Davies and M-NO- N3a for Cathedral Hill.	See M-NO-N3 for Davies and M-NO-N3a for Cathedral Hill.
Mitigation Measure M-NO-N4 (Cathedral Hill Campus)					
CPMC shall obtain the services of a qualified acoustical consultant to perform a detailed interior-noise analysis and develop noise-insulating features for the habitable interior spaces of the proposed Cathedral Hill Hospital that would reduce the interior traffic-noise level inside the hospital to 45-dB $L_{\rm dn}.$ Interior spaces of the hospital shall be designed to	Project Sponsor/Acoustical Consultant	Prior to building construction.	Project Sponsor/Acoustical Consultant to perform detailed interior-noise analysis of	Project Sponsor/Acoustical Consultant and OSHPD (interior noise standards within the hospital	Considered complete upon ERO's confirmation of an OSHPD approved permit

		MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM					
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule		
include insulating features (e.g., laminated glass, acoustical insulation, and/or acoustical sealant) that would reduce interior noise levels to 45 dB $L_{\text{dn}}$ or lower.			Cathedral Hill Hospital and incorporate noise- insulating features in final design plans.	are governed by OSHPD standards). ERO shall review to confirm issuance of a duly reviewed OSHPD permit.	for design that includes noise- insulating features.		
Mitigation Measure M-NO-N4 (St. Luke's Campus)							
CPMC shall obtain the services of a qualified acoustical consultant to perform a detailed interior-noise analysis and develop noise-insulating features for the habitable interior spaces of the proposed St. Luke's Replacement Hospital that would reduce the interior traffic-noise level inside the hospital to 45-dB $L_{\rm dn}.$ Interior spaces of the hospital shall be designed to include insulating features (e.g., laminated glass, acoustical insulation, and/or acoustical sealant) that would reduce interior noise levels to 45 dB $L_{\rm dn}$ or lower.	Project Sponsor/Acoustical Consultant	Prior to building construction.	Project Sponsor/Acoustical Consultant to perform detailed interior-noise analysis of St. Luke's Replacement Hospital and incorporate noise- insulating features in final design plans	Project Sponsor/Acoustical Consultant and OSHPD (interior noise standards within the hospital are governed by OSHPD standards). ERO shall review to confirm issuance of a duly reviewed OSHPD permit.	ERO's confirmation of an OSHPD approved permit for design that includes noise-insulating		
Mitigation Measure M-NO-N5 (Cathedral Hill, Davies [near-term], St. 1							
CPMC shall minimize the impacts of construction noise and vibration where feasible by implementing the measures listed below. These measures shall be required in each contract agreed to between CPMC and a contractor under the LRDP and shall apply to all projects and programs covered by this EIR.	Project Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s)/Acou stical Consultant	excavation, and	Project Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s) to (1) implement measures to reduce construction noise	Project Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s)/Acou stical Consultant and ERO.	Considered complete upon ERO's approval of vibration monitoring plan and receipt of		
Construction equipment generating the highest noise and vibration levels (vibratory rollers) shall operate at the maximum distance feasible from sensitive receptors.				and vibration impacts and (2) retain community		and EKO.	final monitoring report at completion of
Vibratory rollers shall operate during the daytime hours only to ensure that sleep is not disrupted at sensitive receptors near the construction area.			liaison to response to vibration complaints.		construction.		
A community liaison shall be available to respond to vibration complaints from nearby sensitive receptors. A community liaison shall be designated. Contact information for the community liaison shall be			Project Sponsor to retain Acoustical Consultant to prepare and				

				Monitoring/	
	Responsibility for	Mitigation	Mitigation	Reporting	Monitoring
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Implementation	Schedule	Action	Responsibility	Schedule

posted in a conspicuous location so that it is clearly visible to the nearby receptors most likely to be disturbed. The community liaison shall manage complaints resulting from construction vibration. Reoccurring disturbances shall be evaluated by a qualified acoustical consultant to ensure compliance with applicable standards. The community liaison shall contact nearby noise-sensitive receptors and shall advise them of the construction schedule.

To further address the nuisance impact of project construction, a construction vibration management plan shall be prepared by a qualified acoustical consultant retained by CPMC. The vibration management plan shall include but shall not be limited to the following tasks:

- A community liaison shall be designated. This person's contact
  information shall be posted in a location near the project site
  that it is clearly visible to the nearby receptors most likely to be
  disturbed. The community liaison shall manage complaints and
  concerns resulting from activities that cause vibration. The
  severity of the vibration concern shall be assessed by the
  community liaison and, if necessary, evaluated by a qualified
  noise and vibration control consultant.
- The preexisting condition of all buildings within a 50-foot radius and historical buildings within the immediate vicinity of proposed construction activities shall be recorded in the form of a preconstruction survey. The preconstruction survey shall determine conditions that exist before construction begins and shall be used to evaluate damage caused by construction activities. Fixtures and finishes within a 50-foot radius of construction activities susceptible to damage shall be documented (photographically and in writing) before construction. All buildings damaged shall be repaired to their preexisting conditions.
- As part of the vibration management plan, vibration levels shall be monitored at the nearest interior location of adjacent uses, including Daniel Burnham Court, containing vibration sensitive equipment to monitor potential impacts from the project site. In the event that measured vibration levels exceed 65 VdB and disturb the operation of sensitive medical equipment, additional

implement vibration management plan.

		MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM Monitoring/				
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule	
measures shall be implemented to the extent necessary and feasible, including restriction of construction activities, coordination with equipment operators, and/or installation of isolation equipment.						
AIR QUALITY						
Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N1a (Cathedral Hill, Davies [near-term], St.	Luke's)					
The following mitigation measures shall be implemented during construction activities to avoid short-term significant impacts to air quality:	Project Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s)	During demolition, excavation, and construction.	Construction Contractor to implement control measures.	Project Sponsor and ERO.	Considered complete upon receipt of final monitoring	
BAAQMD Basic Control Measures					report at completion of	
<ul> <li>Water all active construction areas at least twice daily.</li> </ul>					construction.	
<ul> <li>Cover all trucks hauling soil, sand, and other loose materials or require all trucks to maintain at least 2 feet of freeboard.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Pave, apply water three times daily, or apply (nontoxic) soil stabilizer on all unpaved access roads, parking areas, and staging areas at construction sites.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Sweep daily (with water sweepers) all paved access roads, parking areas, and staging areas at construction sites.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Sweep street daily (with water sweepers) if visible soil material is carried into adjacent public streets.</li> </ul>						
Optional Control Measures						
<ul> <li>Install wheel washers for all exiting trucks, or wash off the tires or tracks of all trucks and equipment leaving the site.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Install wind breaks, or plant trees/vegetative wind breaks at windward sides of construction areas.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Suspend excavation and grading activity when winds (instantaneous gusts) exceed 20 mph.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Limit the area subject to excavation, grading, and other construction activities at any one time.</li> </ul>						

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM Monitoring/					
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule	
Additional Construction Mitigation Measures						
<ul> <li>All exposed surfaces (e.g., parking areas, staging areas, soil piles, graded areas, and unpaved access roads) shall be watered twice daily.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>All haul trucks transporting soil, sand, or other loose material off-site shall be covered.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>All visible mud or dirt trackout onto adjacent public roads shall be removed using wet power vacuum street sweepers at least once per day. The use of dry power sweeping is prohibited.</li> </ul>						
All vehicle speeds on unpaved roads shall be limited to 15 mph.						
<ul> <li>All roadways, driveways, and sidewalks to be paved shall be completed as soon as possible. Building pads shall be laid as soon as possible after grading unless seeding or soil binders are used.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Idling times shall be minimized either by shutting equipment off when not in use or reducing the maximum idling time to 5 minutes (as required by the California airborne toxics control measures, Title 13, Section 2485 of California Code of Regulations). Clear signage shall be provided for construction workers at all access points.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>All construction equipment shall be maintained and properly tuned in accordance with manufacturers' specifications. All equipment shall be checked by a certified mechanic and determined to be running in proper condition prior to operation.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Post a publicly visible sign with the telephone number and person to contact at the lead agency regarding dust complaints.</li> <li>This person shall respond and take corrective action within 48 hours. The air district's phone number shall also be visible to ensure compliance with applicable regulations.</li> </ul>						
Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N1b (Cathedral Hill, Davies [near-term], St. 1	,					
To reduce exhaust emissions of ROG, NOX, PM10, and PM2.5 by	Project Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s)	During demolition, excavation, and	Construction Contractor(s) to implement control	Project Sponsor and ERO.	Considered complete upon receipt of final	

		MONITORIN	IG AND REPORTIN	NG PROGRAM Monitoring/	
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
construction contractor shall implement the following BAAQMD-recommended control measures during construction in both the near term and the long term:		construction.	measures.		monitoring report at completion of
<ul> <li>Idling times shall be minimized, either by shutting equipment off when not in use or by reducing the maximum idling time to 2 minutes, to the extent feasible. Clear signage shall be provided for construction workers at all access points.</li> </ul>	Responsibility for Implementation  MD-term  ment the tool be been been been been been been been			construction.	
<ul> <li>All construction equipment shall be maintained and properly tuned in accordance with the manufacturers' specifications. All equipment shall be checked by a certified mechanic and determined to be running in proper condition before operation.</li> </ul>					
Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N2 (Cathedral Hill Campus)					
To reduce risk associated with exhaust emissions of DPM by construction equipment during construction of the Cathedral Hill Campus and all other LRDP sites, CPMC and its construction contractor shall implement the following BAAQMD-recommended control measures during construction:	Project I Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s) e contractor or contractor	demolition, excavation, and	Construction Contractor(s) to implement control measures.	Project Sponsor and ERO.	Considered complete upon receipt of final monitoring report at completion of
<ul> <li>Where sufficient electricity is available from the PG&amp;E power grid, electric power shall be supplied by a temporary power connection to the grid, provided by PG&amp;E. Where sufficient electricity to meet short-term electrical power needs for specialized equipment is not available from the PG&amp;E power grid, non-diesel or diesel generators with Tier 4 engines (or equivalent) shall be used.</li> </ul>					construction.
<ul> <li>During any construction phase for near-term projects, at least half of each of the following equipment types shall be equipped with Level 3-verified diesel emission controls (VDECs): backhoes, concrete boom pumps, concrete trailer pumps, concrete placing booms, dozers, excavators, shoring drill rigs, soil mix drill rigs, and soldier pile rigs. If only one unit of the above equipment types is required, that unit shall have Level 3 VDECs retrofits.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>For long-term projects, which are presumed to begin when Tier 4 equipment would be widely available, all diesel</li> </ul>					

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Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule	
equipment of all types shall meet Tier 4 standards.						
Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N8a (Cathedral Hill, Davies [near-term], St.						
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N1a, above.	See M-AQ-N1a	See M-AQ-N1a	See M-AQ-N1a	See M-AQ-N1a	See M-AQ-N1a	
Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N8b (Cathedral Hill, Davies [near-term], St.	•					
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N1b, above.	See M-AQ-N1b	See M-AQ-N1b	See M-AQ-N1b	See M-AQ-N1b	See M-AQ-N1b	
Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N9 (Cathedral Hill, Davies [near-term], St. 1						
CPMC shall implement Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N1a and Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N2, discussed above, to reduce emissions of criteria pollutants from construction equipment exhaust.		See M-AQ-N1a and M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N1a and M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N1a and M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N1a and M-AQ-N2	
Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N10a (Cathedral Hill Campus)						
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N2, above.	See M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N2	
Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N10b (Davies Campus [near-term])	G 14 10 17	G 14 40 172	G M AO NO	C. M.AO.NO	G . M . O . M	
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N2, above.	See M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N2	
Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N10c (St. Luke's Campus)	G 14 10 17	G 14 40 172	G 34 4 6 379	G 14 4 0 170	G 34 40 372	
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure M-AQ-N2, above.	See M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N2	See M-AQ-N2	
PUBLIC SERVICES						
Mitigation Measure M-PS-N2 (Cathedral Hill Campus)						
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure MM-TR-55 for Transportation and Circulation, above.	See M-TR-55	See M-TR-55	See M-TR-55	See M-TR-55	See M-TR-55	
BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES						
Mitigation Measure M-BI-N1 (Cathedral Hill)	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>		<b>D</b>	G	
Before any demolition or construction activities occurring during the nesting season (January 15 through August 15) that involve removal of		Pre-consruction surveys prior to	Pre-construction surveys for nesting	Project Sponsor/Biologist	Considered complete upon	

Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
trees or shrubs, CPMC shall conduct a preconstruction survey for nesting birds at each of its medical campuses. The surveys shall be conducted by a qualified wildlife biologist no sooner than 14 days before the start of removal of trees and shrubs. The survey results shall remain valid for 21 days after the survey; therefore, if vegetation removal is not started within 21 days of the survey, another survey shall be required. The area surveyed shall include the construction site and the staging area for the tree or shrub removal. If no nests are present, tree removal and construction may commence. If active nests are located during the preconstruction bird nesting survey, CPMC shall contact DFG for guidance on obtaining and complying with Section 1801of the California Fish and Game Code, which may include setting up and maintaining a line-of-sight buffer area around the active nest and prohibiting construction activities within the buffer; modifying construction activities; and/or removing or relocating active nests.	Biologist	any construction activities during nesting season.  If active nests are found, actions to protect nesting birds to be implemented during construction.	birds to be conducted by a qualified biologist.  If an active nest is found close to construction area, CPMC shall contact the California Department of Fish and Game and obtain and comply with a Fish and Game Code Section 1801 agreement concerning the implementation of actions to protect nesting birds	and ERO	ERO approval of report by biologist and any actions taken to protect nesting birds pursuant to Section 1801 agreement, if necessary.
Mitigation Measure M-BI-N1 (Davies [near-term])					
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure M-BI-N1 for the Cathedral Hill Campus, above.	See M-BI-N1 for Cathedral Hill	See M-BI-N1 for Cathedral Hill	See M-BI-N1 for Cathedral Hill	See M-BI-N1 for Cathedral Hill	See M-BI-N1 for Cathedral Hill
Mitigation Measure M-BI-N1 (St. Luke's with or without project variant					
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure M-BI-N1 for the Cathedral Hill Campus, above.	See M-BI-N1 for Cathedral Hill	See M-BI-N1 for Cathedral Hill	See M-BI-N1 for Cathedral Hill	See M-BI-N1 for Cathedral Hill	See M-BI-N1 for Cathedral Hill
GEOLOGY AND SOILS					
Mitigation Measure M-GE-N4 (Cathedral Hill, Davies [near-term], St. L	uke's)				
CPMC shall implement Mitigation Measure M-HY-N3, as described below.	See M-HY-N3	See M-HY-N3	See M-HY-N3	See M-HY-N3	See M-HY-N3

Adopted Mitigation Measures  Mitigation Measure M-GE-N6 (St. Luke's)  The design level geotechnical report for the MOB/Expansion Building, the proposed utility route, and the sewer variant at the St. Luke's Campus shall include an excavation and dewatering program. The program shall include an excavation and dewatering program. The program shall include an optical survey and installation of inclinometers and groundwater observation wells. Groundwater levels outside the excavation shall be monitored through wells while dewatering is in progress. Should the magnitude of settlement or groundwater drawdown be deemed potentially damaging to surrounding improvements by a licensed engineer, the groundwater outside the excavation shall be recharged through wells or the dewatering program altered to reduce drawdown to an acceptable level.  HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY  Mitigation Measure M-HY-N2 (Cathedral Hill)  To manage peak flow and discharge volume, CPMC shall prepare and implement a Stormwater Control Plan for each of the near-term projects where the LDRD fecusion of LDRD fecusion			MOMITORIN	O AND REI ORIII	Monitoring/	
The design level geotechnical report for the MOB/Expansion Building, the proposed utility route, and the sewer variant at the St. Luke's Campus shall include an excavation and dewatering program. The program shall include an excavation and dewatering program. The program shall include an excavation and dewatering program. The program shall include an optical survey and installation of inclinometers and groundwater observation wells. Groundwater levels outside the excavation shall be monitored through wells while dewatering is in progress. Should the magnitude of settlement or groundwater drawdown be deemed potentially damaging to surrounding improvements by a licensed engineer, the groundwater outside the excavation shall be recharged through wells or the dewatering program altered to reduce drawdown to an acceptable level.  HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY  Mitigation Measure M-HY-N2 (Cathedral Hill)  To manage peak flow and discharge volume, CPMC shall prepare and implement a Stormwater Control Plan for each of the near-term projects under the LRDP, focusing on LID strategies and BMPs. In implementing to the LRDP, CPMC shall comply with all policies and regulations adopted by the City, including SFPUC's Stormwater Design Guidelines, which require a 25% decrease in the rate and volume of stormwater runoff from the 2-year, 24-hour design storm. Therefore, the design-level drainage plans shall demonstrate that, at a minimum, there will be a 25% decrease in the rate and volume of stormwater runoff to the combined sewer for the 2-year, 24-hour storm as compared to existing conditions. This will be achieved by using LID stormwater BMPs which may include, but not limited to:  • green roofs,  • cisterns,  • bioswales,  • bioretention basins,	Adopted Mitigation Measures				Reporting	Monitoring Schedule
The design level geotechnical report for the MOZIEXPARISON Building, the proposed utility route, and the sewer variant at the St. Luke's Campus shall include an excavation and dewatering program. The program shall include an excavation and dewatering program. The program shall include an excavation and dewatering program shall include an optical survey and installation of inclinometers and groundwater observation wells. Implementation of grading or well swhile dewatering is in progress. Should the magnitude of settlement or groundwater drawdown be deemed potentially damaging to surrounding improvements by a licensed engineer, the groundwater outside the excavation shall be recharged through wells or the dewatering program altered to reduce drawdown to an acceptable level.  HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY  Mitigation Measure M-HY-N2 (Cathedral Hill)  To manage peak flow and discharge volume, CPMC shall prepare and implement a Stormwater Control Plan for each of the near-term projects under the LRDP, focusing on LID strategies and BMPs. In implementing the LRDP, counting SPPUC's Stormwater Design Guidelines, which require a 25% decrease in the rate and volume of stormwater runoff from the 2-year, 24-hour storm as compared to existing conditions. This will be achieved by using LID stormwater BMPs which may include, but not limited to:  • green roofs,  • cisterns,  • bioswales,  • bioretention basins,	Mitigation Measure M-GE-N6 (St. Luke's)					
Mitigation Measure M-HY-N2 (Cathedral Hill)  To manage peak flow and discharge volume, CPMC shall prepare and implement a Stormwater Control Plan for each of the near-term projects under the LRDP, focusing on LID strategies and BMPs. In implementing the LRDP, CPMC shall comply with all policies and regulations adopted by the City, including SFPUC's Stormwater Design Guidelines, which require a 25% decrease in the rate and volume of stormwater runoff from the 2-year, 24-hour design storm. Therefore, the design-level drainage plans shall demonstrate that, at a minimum, there will be a 25% decrease in the rate and volume of stormwater runoff to the combined sewer for the 2-year, 24-hour storm as compared to existing conditions. This will be achieved by using LID stormwater BMPs which may include, but not limited to:  • green roofs,  • cisterns,  • bioswales,  • bioretention basins,	the proposed utility route, and the sewer variant at the St. Luke's Campus shall include an excavation and dewatering program. The program shall include measures to monitor the improvements adjacent to construction for vertical movement. The monitoring shall include an optical survey and installation of inclinometers and groundwater observation wells. Groundwater levels outside the excavation shall be monitored through wells while dewatering is in progress. Should the magnitude of settlement or groundwater drawdown be deemed potentially damaging to surrounding improvements by a licensed engineer, the groundwater outside the excavation shall be recharged through wells or the dewatering		excavation and watering program orior to issuance of grading or building permits. Implementation of program during	prepare design level geotechnical report for MOB/Expansion Building and monitor construction and, if needed, recharge groundwater through wells or alter dewatering to	Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s).;	Considered complete upon ERO's approval of geotechnical studies and upor receipt of final monitoring report at completion of construction.
To manage peak flow and discharge volume, CPMC shall prepare and implement a Stormwater Control Plan for each of the near-term projects under the LRDP, focusing on LID strategies and BMPs. In implementing the LRDP, CPMC shall comply with all policies and regulations adopted by the City, including SFPUC's Stormwater Design Guidelines, which require a 25% decrease in the rate and volume of stormwater runoff from the 2-year, 24-hour design storm. Therefore, the design-level drainage plans shall demonstrate that, at a minimum, there will be a 25% decrease in the rate and volume of stormwater runoff to the combined sewer for the 2-year, 24-hour storm as compared to existing conditions. This will be achieved by using LID stormwater BMPs which may include, but not limited to:  • green roofs,  • cisterns,  • bioswales,  • bioretention basins,	HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY					
To manage peak flow and discharge volume, CPMC shall prepare and implement a Stormwater Control Plan for each of the near-term projects under the LRDP, focusing on LID strategies and BMPs. In implementing the LRDP, CPMC shall comply with all policies and regulations adopted by the City, including SFPUC's Stormwater Design Guidelines, which require a 25% decrease in the rate and volume of stormwater runoff from the 2-year, 24-hour design storm. Therefore, the design-level drainage plans shall demonstrate that, at a minimum, there will be a 25% decrease in the rate and volume of stormwater runoff to the combined sewer for the 2-year, 24-hour storm as compared to existing conditions. This will be achieved by using LID stormwater BMPs which may include, but not limited to:  • green roofs,  • cisterns,  • bioswales,  • bioretention basins,	, ,	Project Sponsor	Propagation of	Project Spansor to	Project Spansor	Considered
construction.  cisterns,  bioswales,  bioretention basins,	implement a Stormwater Control Plan for each of the near-term projects under the LRDP, focusing on LID strategies and BMPs. In implementing the LRDP, CPMC shall comply with all policies and regulations adopted by the City, including SFPUC's Stormwater Design Guidelines, which require a 25% decrease in the rate and volume of stormwater runoff from the 2-year, 24-hour design storm. Therefore, the design-level drainage plans shall demonstrate that, at a minimum, there will be a 25% decrease in the rate and volume of stormwater runoff to the combined sewer for the 2-year, 24-hour storm as compared to existing conditions. This will be achieved by using LID stormwater BMPs which may include, but not limited to:		Stormwater Control Plan pior to first permit for construction, as determined by the Planning Department. Implementation of LID strategies and BMPs by incorporating into project	prepare and implement a Stormwater Control		complete upon approval of final design.
<ul><li>bioswales,</li><li>bioretention basins,</li></ul>			0			
• bioretention basins,	,					
	'					
• planter boxes,	,					
	• planter boxes,					

		MOMIONIN	G AND KEFOKTIN		
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
• blue roofs,					
• dry wells, and					
• other detention/storage facilities.					
In addition, the final design team for the development project shall review and incorporate as many concepts as practicable from <i>Start at the Source: Design Guidance Manual for Stormwater Quality Protection.</i> SFPUC shall conduct project design review before the City's project approval occurs, to ensure that the impacts of the LRDP on the combined sewer system have been fully mitigated.					
Mitigation Measure M-HY-N2 (Davies [near-term])					
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure M-HY-N2 for the Cathedral Hill Campus, above.	See M-HY-N2 for Cathedral Hill	See M-HY-N2 for Cathedral Hill	See M-HY-N2 for Cathedral Hill	See M-HY-N2 for Cathedral Hill	See M-HY-N2 for Cathedral Hill
Mitigation Measure M-HY-N2 (St. Luke's)					
This mitigation measure is identical to Mitigation Measure M-HY-N2 for the Cathedral Hill Campus, above.	See M-HY-N2 for Cathedral Hill	See M-HY-N2 for Cathedral Hill	See M-HY-N2 for Cathedral Hill	See M-HY-N2 for Cathedral Hill	See M-HY-N2 for Cathedral Hill
Mitigation Measure M-HY-N3 (Cathedral Hill, Davies [near-term], St. L. In compliance with Article 4.1 of the San Francisco Public Works Code and the City's Construction Site Water Pollution Prevention Program, CPMC shall submit a site-specific SWPPP to SFPUC for approval before initiating construction activities in areas draining to the combined sewer system. SFPUC requires implementation of appropriate BMPs from the California Stormwater Quality Association Stormwater BMP Handbook—Construction. In accordance with SFPUC's requirements, the SWPPP shall include the following elements:  An erosion and sediment control plan. The plan shall present a site map illustrating the BMPs that will be used to minimize on-site erosion and the sediment discharge into the combined sewer system, and shall provide a narrative description of those BMPs. Appropriate BMPs for	Project Sponsor/Constructi	Approval of SWPPP prior to issuance of grading or building permits. Implementation of SWPP during construction.	Project Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s) to prepare and implement SWPPP.	Project Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s), SFPUC, and ERO	Considered complete upon receipt of final monitoring report at completion of construction.

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**Adopted Mitigation Measures** 

Responsibility for Implementation Mitigation Schedule Mitigation Action Reporting Responsibility

Monitoring Schedule

the erosion and sediment control plan may include the following practices:

- Scheduling—Develop a schedule that includes sequencing of
  construction activities with the implementation of appropriate
  BMPs. Perform construction activities and control practices in
  accordance with the planned schedule. Schedule work to
  minimize soil-disturbing activities during the rainy season.
  Schedule major grading operations for the dry season when
  practical. Monitor the weather forecast for rainfall and adjust
  the schedule as appropriate.
- Erosion control—Cover exposed excavated walls to reduce their exposure to rainfall. Preserve existing vegetation where feasible; apply mulch or hydroseed areas until permanent stabilization is established; and use soil binders, geotextiles and mats, earth dikes and drainage swales, velocity dissipation devices, slope drains, or polyacrylamide to protect soil from erosion.
- Wind erosion—Apply water or other dust palliatives to prevent dust nuisance; prevent overwatering that can cause erosion. Alternatively, cover small stockpiles or areas that remain inactive for 7 or more days.
- Sediment control—Install silt fences, sediment basins, sediment traps, check dams, fiber rolls, sand or gravel bag barriers, straw bale barriers, vegetated swales, approved chemical treatment, storm drain inlet protection, or other LID measures to minimize the discharge of sediment. Employ street sweeping to remove sediment from streets. Utilize treatment trains where feasible. Cover all stockpiled soil until it is needed. Cover all soil in haul trucks.
- Tracking controls—Stabilize the construction site entrance to prevent tracking of sediment onto public roads by construction vehicles. Stabilize on-site vehicle transportation routes immediately after grading to prevent erosion and control dust. Install a tire wash area to remove sediment from tires and under carriages and contain all sediments in the wash area.

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM					
				Monitoring/		
	Responsibility for	Mitigation	Mitigation	Reporting	Monitoring	
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Implementation	Schedule	Action	Responsibility	Schedule	

- Litter control—Remove litter at least once daily from the construction site. Dispose of packing materials immediately in an enclosed container.
- Non-stormwater management BMPs. These BMPs may include water conservation practices, dewatering practices that minimize sediment discharges, and BMPs for all of the following:
  - paving and grinding activities;
  - identification of illicit connections and illegal dumping;
  - irrigation and other planned or unplanned discharges of potable water;
  - vehicle and equipment cleaning, fueling, and maintenance;
  - concrete curing and finishing;
  - temporary batch plants;
  - implementation of shoreline improvements; and
  - work over water.

Discharges from dewatering activities shall comply with the requirements of SFPUC's Batch Wastewater Discharge Permit that regulate influent concentrations for various constituents.

- *Waste management BMPs*. These BMPs shall be implemented for:
  - material delivery, use, and storage;
  - stockpile management;
  - spill prevention and control; and
  - management of solid and liquid waste, hazardous waste, contaminated soil, concrete waste, and septic/sanitary waste.
- BMP inspection, maintenance, and repair requirements. All BMPs shall be inspected on a regular basis to confirm proper installation and function. BMPs shall be inspected daily during storms, and BMPs that have failed shall be immediately repaired or replaced.

		MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM Monitoring/			
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
Sufficient devices and materials (e.g., silt fence, coir rolls, erosion blankets) shall be provided throughout project construction to enable immediate corrective action for failed BMPs. Required BMP maintenance related to a storm event shall be completed within 48 hours of the storm event. The SWPPP shall include checklists that document when the inspections occurred, the results of the inspection, required corrective measures, and when corrective measures were implemented.					
The SWPPP shall demonstrate how treatment control measures (e.g., silt fences, sediment basins, sediment traps, check dams, vegetated swales, infiltration trenches) targeting the project-specific contaminants including sediment, metals, oil and grease, trash and debris, and oxygen-demanding substances would be incorporated into the project. In addition, the SWPPP shall demonstrate that the project has the land area available to support the proposed BMP facilities sized for the required water quality design storm.					
Construction personnel shall receive training on the SWPPP and implementation of BMPs.					
HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS					
Mitigation Measure M-HZ-N1a (Cathedral Hill, Davies [near-term], St.	Luke's)				
Step 1: Preparation of a Site Mitigation Plan					
Before the issuance of site, building, or other permits from the City for development activities involving subsurface disturbance, CPMC shall submit the previously prepared environmental contingency plans to SFDPH for review and approval as site mitigation plans (SMPs) for the Cathedral Hill, Davies, and St. Luke's Campuses. The SMPs shall include the following measures and procedures:  • All soil shall be sampled for a suite of common chemicals required by landfills and redevelopment sites accepting imported fill from other sites to provide a chemical profile and identify the soil worker safety and disposal classification. Sample analytical results shall be submitted to SFDPH for	Project Sponsor	Approval of SMPs prior to issuance of site, building, or other permits. Implementation of measures and procedures identified in SMPs during excavation and grading phases of	Project Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s) to prepare a SMP and submit to DPH and Planning Department.	Project Sponsor and DPH	Considered complete with submittal of the closure certification report to DPH and San Francisco Planning Department.

• Fill shall be sampled and analyzed before excavation to allow

review.

construction.

Monitoring/
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## **Adopted Mitigation Measures**

Responsibility for Implementation Mitigation Schedule Mitigation Action Reporting Responsibility Monitoring Schedule

excavation, loading, and transportation off-site without stockpiling, which would minimize soil handling.

- If soil encountered during excavation exhibits the presence of liquid hydrocarbons (such as oil), strong odors, or staining suggesting the presence of hazardous materials, work shall be halted, the area shall be covered in plastic sheeting, stockpiles shall be segregated and covered, and samples shall be collected from the base and walls of the excavation. Once sampling results have returned, the soil shall be treated in accordance with the above outlined procedures.
- If groundwater is present and in a volume requiring dewatering, a dewatering contractor shall be retained to design and install a dewatering system to remove and discharge the water to the sanitary sewer system during excavation and construction. The dewatering contractor shall obtain a batch groundwater discharge permit from SFPUC. A groundwater sample shall be collected and analyzed for parameters established by SFPUC before any discharge of groundwater into the sewer system. If required by SFPUC, additional groundwater samples shall be collected monthly from the discharged water for parameters stipulated by SFPUC. If analytes in the groundwater exceed the established SFPUC discharge limits, the groundwater shall be stored in containers and properly treated before discharge. The treatment system, if needed, shall be designed based on the chemicals present in the groundwater.
- A licensed tank removal contractor shall be retained to properly remove and dispose of known tanks in accordance with all current regulations and the site-specific and tank-specific procedures outlined in the ECPs for each campus. All the necessary permits from SFFD and SFDPH shall be obtained, and all notifications to BAAQMD shall be made before the tank is removed. The health and safety plan shall be followed, and air monitoring shall be performed during all tank removal activities. If soil staining, odor, and/or elevated organic vapor analyzer readings are observed during tank removal, the affected soil shall be placed on and covered with plastic tarpaulins, separate from any unaffected soil removed from

		MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM Monitoring/				
	Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
	above the tank. All soil sampling and analysis for tank closure shall be performed in accordance with the Tri-Regional Board Staff Recommendations for Preliminary Evaluation and Investigation of Underground Tank Sites, dated August 10, 1990, and any additional SFFD and SFDPH requirements.					
those alr SPMs an	itional measures that the SFDPH determines are required beyond eady identified in the ECPs shall also be incorporated into the ad implemented by CPMC. A copy of the SMPs shall be d to the Planning Department to become part of the case file.					
Step 2: H	Handling, Hauling, and Disposal of Contaminated Soils	Project	During	Project	Project	Considered
(a)	Specific work practices: If, based on the results of the soil tests conducted, the SFDPH determines that the soils on the campuses are contaminated at or above potentially hazardous levels, the construction contractor shall be alert for the presence of such soils during excavation and other construction activities on the campuses (detected through soil odor, color, and texture) and shall be prepared to handle, profile (i.e., characterize), and dispose of such soils appropriately (i.e., as dictated by federal, state, and local regulations) when such soils are encountered on the campuses. If excavated materials contain over one percent friable asbestos, they shall be treated as hazardous waste, and shall be transported and disposed of in accordance with applicable federal and state regulations.	Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s)			Sponsor/Constructi on Contractor(s) and DPH.	considered complete with submittal of the closure certification report to DPH and San Francisco Planning Department.
(b)	<u>Dust suppression</u> : Soils exposed during excavation for site preparation and project construction activities shall be kept moist throughout the time they are exposed, both during and after construction work hours.					
(c)	<u>Surface water runoff control</u> : Where soils are stockpiled, plastic sheeting shall be used to create an impermeable liner, both beneath and on top of the soils, with a berm to contain any potential surface water runoff from the soil stockpiles during inclement weather and from air.					
(d)	<u>Soils replacement</u> : If necessary, clean fill or other suitable material(s) shall be used to bring portions of the project site, where contaminated soils have been excavated and removed, up					

		MONITORIN	G AND REPORTIN		
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
to construction grade.					
(e) Hauling and disposal: Contaminated soils shall be hauled off the project site by waste hauling trucks appropriately certified with the State of California and adequately covered to prevent dispersion of the soils during transit, and shall be disposed of at a permitted hazardous waste disposal facility registered with the State of California. Nonhazardous soil shall be sent to other sites to be used as import fill where accepted or shall be transported and disposed of at a licensed Class II or Class III landfill, as appropriate. Soil classified as California hazardous waste shall be transported either out of state to an appropriate licensed facility or to a Class I facility in California. Soil classified as RCRA hazardous waste shall be transported to a Class I landfill facility in California.					
Step 3: Preparation of Closure/Certification Report	n f	construction activities are completed.	Project Sponsor to prepare and submit	Project Sponsor	Considered complete upon
After construction activities are completed, the project sponsor shall prepare and submit a closure/certification report to the SFDPH for review and approval. The closure/certification report shall include the mitigation measures in the SMPs for handling and removing contaminated soils from the project site, whether the construction contractor modified any of these mitigation measures, and how and why the construction contractor modified those mitigation measures.			a closure/certification report to DPH.	and DFH.	receipt and approval by DPH of final closure/certificat ion report.
Mitigation Measure M-HZ-N1b Cathedral Hill, Davies [near-term], St.	Luke's)· Preparation	of Unknown Com	tingency Plan		
Before the issuance of site, building, or other permit from the city for development activities involving subsurface disturbance, CPMC shall prepare and submit to SFDPH for approval a contingency plan to address unknown contaminants encountered during development activities. This plan, the conditions of which shall be incorporated into the first permit and any applicable permit thereafter, shall establish and describe procedures for implementing a contingency plan, including appropriate notification and site control procedures, in the event unanticipated subsurface hazards or hazardous material releases are discovered during construction. Control procedures shall include, but shall not be limited to, further investigation and, if necessary, remediation of such hazards or releases, including off-campus removal and disposal, containment, or	Project Sponsor	Approval of unknown	Project Sponsor to prepare and submit	Project Sponsor and DPH.	Considered complete upon approval of contingency plan by DPH and receipt of final monitoring report at completion of construction.

				Monitoring/	
	Responsibility for	Mitigation	Mitigation	Reporting	Monitoring
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Implementation	Schedule	Action	Responsibility	Schedule

treatment. In accordance with the procedures outlined in the ECPs, measures following the discovery of previously unidentified USTs or other subsurface facilities shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

- Work at the location of the discovered tank shall be halted, the exposed portion of the tank shall be covered with plastic sheeting, and the area shall be secured while the tank and surrounding soil (if unvaulted) are evaluated. The site superintendent shall be notified, and an appropriate environmental professional shall be brought on-site to evaluate the nature, use, and extent of the tank. The contractor's health and safety plan shall be reviewed and revised, if necessary, and appropriately trained personnel (e.g., HAZWOPER trained) shall be mobilized to address the tank. If the tank is ruptured during discovery, the contractor, at the direction of the environmental professional, shall attempt to contain any contents that have been released to the soil. The top of the tank shall be uncovered to locate an access port, and the tank shall be opened to evaluate the contents. The tank shall be sounded to evaluate its size and the presence and amount of tank contents remaining (if any). A sample of the contents shall be collected, if possible. On determining the nature and use of the tank, the environmental professional and/or contractor shall notify BAAOMD, SFDPH, and SFFD. During all work performed in response to the presence of the tank, the air in the working area shall be monitored for volatile organic compounds, and the tank shall remain covered with the tarpaulin whenever access is not necessary. Tanks discovered in vaults in basements shall be removed after the building above has been demolished. All tanks shall be removed in accordance with the procedures described in the ECPs for the campuses.
- If other subsurface facilities containing or associated with hazardous materials, such as oil pits, sumps associated with clarification or neutralization of liquid waste, piping associated with underground tanks, piping that may be composed of asbestos-containing material, and building drainage systems (e.g., waste lines, sewer laterals) are encountered during

during excavation and grading phases of construction.

		MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM  Monitoring/			
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
demolition and excavation, work in the area shall be halted and the facility be covered in plastic sheeting. If a sump and/or vaults are identified during excavation activities, the facility shall be managed in the same manner as required for underground tanks. If drainage lines or piping are encountered, they shall be observed and evaluated to determine use and composition. If piping contains liquid wastes, these wastes shall be contained as completely as possible, transferred to secure containers, sampled, and subsequently disposed of off-site. If piping is composed of asbestos-containing materials, the material shall be removed, bagged, and disposed of appropriately. If piping is not composed of asbestos-containing materials, it shall be removed and subsequently sent off-site as scrap. Soil adjacent to and in the vicinity of the discovered facilities shall be examined, evaluated, and managed as described for other soils at the campuses.					
In the event unanticipated subsurface hazards or hazardous material releases are discovered during construction, the requirements of this unknown contingency plan shall be followed. The contingency plan shall be amended, as necessary, in the event new information becomes available that could affect the implementation of the plan.					
Mitigation Measure M-HZ-N4a (Cathedral Hill)					
This mitigation measure is identical to M-HZ-N1a for near-term impacts and requires the preparation of site mitigation plan (SMPs) for the near-term projects at the Cathedral Hill Campus.		See M-HZ-N1a	See M-HZ-N1a	See M-HZ-N1a	See M-HZ-N1a
Mitigation Measure M-HZ-N4b (Cathedral Hill)	6 MH2 MI	a 14 H2 111	G 14 177 1111	G 14 177 111	6 M. W. M.
This mitigation measure is identical to M-HZ-N1b for near-term impacts and requires the preparation of unknown contingency plans for the near-term projects at the Cathedral Hill Campus.		See M-HZ-N1b	b See M-HZ-N1b	See M-HZ-N1b	See M-HZ-N1b
Mitigation Measure M-HZ-N4c (Davies [near-term])					
This mitigation measure is identical to M-HZ-N1a for near-term impacts and requires the preparation of site mitigation plan (SMPs) for the near-term projects at the Davies Campus.		See M-HZ-N1a	See M-HZ-N1a	See M-HZ-N1a	See M-HZ-N1a

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM  Monitoring/				
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
Mitigation Measure M-HZ-N4d (Davies [near-term])					
This mitigation measure is identical to M-HZ-N1b for near-term impacts and requires the preparation of unknown contingency plans for the near-term projects at the Davies Campus.	See M-HZ-N1b	See M-HZ-N1b	See M-HZ-N1b	See M-HZ-N1b	See M-HZ-N1b
Mitigation Measure M-HZ-N4e (St. Luke's)					
This mitigation measure is identical to M-HZ-N1a for near-term impacts and requires the preparation of site mitigation plan (SMPs) for the near-term projects at the St. Luke's Campus.		See M-HZ-N1a	See M-HZ-N1a	See M-HZ-N1a	See M-HZ-N1a
Mitigation Measure M-HZ-N4f (St. Luke's)					
This mitigation measure is identical to M-HZ-N1b for near-term impacts and requires the preparation of unknown contingency plans for the near-term projects at the St. Luke's Campus.	See M-HZ-N1b	See M-HZ-N1b	See M-HZ-N1b	See M-HZ-N1b	See M-HZ-N1b

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## EXHIBIT 3: IMPROVEMENT MEASURES MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
Improvement Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Implementation Schedule	Implementation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
IMPROVEMENT MEASURES AGREED TO BY PROJECT SPONSOR					
TRANSPORTATION AND CIRCULATION					
I-TR-5 (Cathedral Hill): Off-Street Parking Queue Abatement					
It shall be the responsibility of the owner/operator of any off-street parking facility primarily serving a non-residential use, as determined by the Planning Director, with more than 20 parking spaces (excluding loading and car-share spaces) to ensure that recurring vehicle queues do not occur on the public right-of-way. A vehicle queue is defined as one or more vehicles blocking any portion of any public street, alley or sidewalk for a consecutive period of three minutes or longer on a daily or weekly basis.		During Operation	qualified transportation consultant upon request by Planning Director if recurring queuing on public right-of-	Owner/Operator of off-street parking /Planning Department	Considered ongoing during operations at the Cathedral Hill Campus.
If a recurring queue occurs, the owner/operator of the parking facility shall employ abatement methods as needed to abate the queue. Suggested abatement methods include but are not limited to the following: redesign of facility layout to improve vehicle circulation and/or on-site queue capacity; employment of parking attendants; installation of LOT FULL signs with active management by parking attendants; use of valet parking or other space-efficient parking techniques; use of off-site parking facilities or shared parking with nearby uses; use of parking occupancy sensors and signage directing drivers to available spaces; travel demand management strategies such as additional bicycle parking, customer shuttles or delivery services; and/or parking demand management strategies such as parking time limits, paid parking or validated parking.			ways is suspected. If such queuing is determined to exist, abatement methods shall be employed.		
If the Planning Director, or his or her designee, suspects that a recurring queue is present, the Department shall notify the property owner in writing. Upon request, the owner/operator shall hire a qualified transportation consultant to evaluate the conditions at the site for no less than seven days. The consultant shall prepare a monitoring report to be submitted to the Department for review. If the Department determines that a recurring queue does exist, the facility owner/operator shall have 90 days from the date of the written determination to abate the queue.					

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
Improvement Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Implementation Schedule	Implementation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
I-TR-40 (Cathedral Hill): Pedestrian Improvements					
As an improvement measure to facilitate pedestrian movements, SFMTA should install pedestrian countdown signals for all directions at the signalized intersections of Franklin/Sutter, Franklin/Post, Franklin/Geary, Van Ness/Sutter, Van Ness/Post, and Polk/Post.  In addition to the above, although the project would have less than significant impacts on the pedestrian and bicycle environment, the project sponsor has agreed as part of the development agreement negotiations to provide certain funding for City agencies, including Planning, SFMTA and DPW, to study and possibly implement additional streetscape, pedestrian, and related improvements in the vicinity of the proposed Cathedral Hill Campus that would improve the less-than-significant impacts to the pedestrian and bicycle environment. Improvements under consideration by the City would be consistent with those identified in the Little Saigon Report as well as other potential sidewalk improvements such as bulb-outs, lighting and pedestrian signal modifications, advance stop bars, right turn vehicle turn restrictions and other safety facilities, at such intersections as Polk Street/Ellis Street, Larkin Street /Geary Street, Larkin Street /Grove Street, Larkin Street /9th Street, Hyde Street /O'Farrell Street, and Leavenworth Street/Geary Street. The City would have sole authority to determine whether to proceed with the Tenderloin and Little Saigon neighborhood area improvements and to issue required permits and authorizations. The City would also retain the discretion to modify or select feasible alternatives to the improvements to avoid any identified impacts or concerns that arise in connection with their further review, including any required environmental review under CEQA.	Sponsor/Planning Department/SFMTA/ DPW	Prior to operation	Installation of pedestrian countdown signals at the Franklin/Sutter, Franklin/Post, Franklin/Geary, Van Ness/Sutter, Van Ness/Post, and Polk/Post intersections. Funding to allow City agencies to studyand possibly implement additional streetscape, pedestrian, and related improvements such as lighting, pedestrian signal modifications, bulb-outs, advanced stop bars, and right turn vehicle restrictions, at such intersections as Polk/Ellis, Larkin/Geary, Larkin/Grove, Larkin/9th, Hyde/O'Farrell, and Leavenworth/Geary.	Project Sponsor/Planning Department/SFMTA /DPW	Considered complete upon installation and implementation of pedestrian improvements.

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
Improvement Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Implementation Schedule	Implementation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
I-TR-87 (St. Luke's): Provide Pedestrian/Bicycle Improvements					
CPMC should implement improvement measures to minimize conflicts between vehicles, bicyclists, and pedestrians at the Cesar Chavez Street passenger loading/unloading zone, including: warning signs and colored bicycle lane treatment to alert drivers to the presence of bicyclists and bicycle lanes, and management of the passenger loading/unloading zone during peak periods of activity (e.g., between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.).	Project Sponsor	Installation of warning signs, bicycle lane treatment, flashing lights, and audible	Project Sponsor to provide pedestrian/bicycle safety improvements and manage passenger	Project Sponsor and SFMTA	improvements considered complete upon construction completion.
As an improvement measure to minimize conflicts between vehicles exiting the proposed garages and pedestrians and bicyclists on Valencia Street and Cesar Chavez Street, CPMC should install flashing lights and audible signals to provide indications when a vehicle is exiting the garage.	ı I	operation,	zone during peak f periods of activity.		Management of passenger loading/unloadin g zone ongoing during operations.
I-TR-88 (St. Luke's): Install Pedestrian Crosswalks		•			
As an improvement measure to facilitate pedestrian movements, SFMTA shall install pedestrian crosswalks at the unsignalized intersection of San Jose/27th Street.		Prior to operation	SFMTA to install pedestrian crosswalks	Project Sponsor and SFMTA	Considered complete upon installation of pedestrian crosswalks
AIR QUALITY					eross warres
I-AQ-N2 (Davies [near-term], St. Luke's): Install Accelerated Emission (	Control Device on Co	nstruction Equipm	ent		
* ' *	Sponsor/Constructio		Project Sponsor/Constructi		Considered complete upon
To reduce risk associated with exhaust emissions of DPM by construction equipment during construction of the Cathedral Hill Campus and all other LRDP sites, CPMC and its construction contractor shall implement the following BAAQMD-recommended control measures during construction:	n Contractor(s)	excavation, and construction	on Contractor(s) to implement BAAQMD- recommended control measures.	Contractor(s) and ERO	receipt of final monitoring report at completion of construction.
Where sufficient electricity is available from the PG&E power grid, electric power shall be supplied by a temporary power					

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM					
Improvement Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Implementation Schedule	Implementation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule	
connection to the grid, provided by PG&E. Where sufficient electricity to meet short-term electrical power needs for specialized equipment is not available from the PG&E power grid, non-diesel or diesel generators with Tier 4 engines (or equivalent) shall be used.						
During any construction phase for near-term projects, at least half of each of the following equipment types shall be equipped with Level 3-verified diesel emission controls (VDECs): backhoes, concrete boom pumps, concrete trailer pumps, concrete placing booms, dozers, excavators, shoring drill rigs, soil mix drill rigs, and soldier pile rigs. If only one unit of the above equipment types is required, that unit shall have Level 3 VDECs retrofits.						
For long-term projects, which are presumed to being when Tier 4 equipment would be widely available, all diesel equipment of all types shall meet Tier 4 standards.						
BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES						
I-BI-N2 (St. Luke's [with or without variants]):						
As an improvement measure, CPMC would prepare a tree protection plan to be submitted to DPW as part of the construction plans for the St. Luke's Campus. The landmark tree located directly east of the 1957 Building, fronting Valencia Street, is not proposed for removal; therefore, impacts on the landmark tree would be less than significant. However, a tree protection plan would be implemented to further protect the existing landmark tree from potential adverse construction impacts that could affect the health of the tree. Through consultation of a certified arborist, CPMC would implement a Tree Protection Zone (TPZ) around the landmark tree during demolition and construction activities. The TPZ would be determined by the certified arborist at the time the work is done. During the various construction phases, the TPZ should follow all of the measures outlined below:	Project Sponsor	Tree protection plan submittal during construction plan review. Implementation of tree protection plan during construction.	implement plan during	Project Sponsor and DPW	Considered complete upon review and approval of tree protection plan and upon receipt of final monitoring report at completion of construction.	
<ul> <li>Install and maintain construction fencing to prevent entry to the TPZ.</li> </ul>						
• Install wood chip mulch over all exposed soil areas within the						

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
Improvement Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Implementation Schedule	Implementation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
TPZ.					
• Prohibit placement of any construction vehicle within the TPZ.					
<ul> <li>Do not store materials, excavation tailing, or debris within the TPZ, unless placed on a thick plywood root buffer.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>If trenching or grading takes place within the TPZ, ensure that the project arborist will review the proposed work and retain the arborist on-site during that aspect of the work.</li> </ul>					
The arborist report and tree protection plan would be reviewed by DPW's Bureau of Urban Forestry to verify that the specified protections would be adequate to protect the landmark tree. The Bureau of Urban Forestry would also monitor the project site during demolition and construction activities to ensure that the protection measures outlined in the tree protection plan are being implemented and are adequate, and that the landmark tree would not be damaged.					
GEOLOGY AND SOILS					
I-GE-N6 (Cathedral Hill):					
An excavation monitoring program shall be developed for construction of the Cathedral Hill MOB. The program shall include requirements for the installation and regular monitoring of survey points and inclinometers should dewatering be required. Excavation and dewatering activities shall be shut down should unacceptable movement of overlying soil occur.	Project Sponsor	Preparation of excavation monitoring program prior to issuance of grading or building permits.	Project Sponsor to prepare an excavation monitoring program.	Project Sponsor and ERO	Considered complete upon ERO's approval of excavation monitoring program and upon receipt of final monitoring report at completion of construction.
HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS					
I-HZ-N1// I-HZ-N3(Cathedral HillDavies [near-term], St. Luke's [with o	or without variants]):				
CPMC shall ensure that the project contractors remove and properly dispose of PCB- and mercury-containing equipment prior to the start of project-related demolition or renovation.		During demolition and renovation		Project Sponsor/Constructio n Contractor(s) and	Considered complete upon receipt of final

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
Improvement Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Implementation Schedule	Implementation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
			ensure that PCB- and mercury- containing equipment are removed and property disposed	ERO	monitoring report at completion of construction.